Appendix L Environmental Noise Assessment



Environmental Noise Assessment

Scotts Valley Development Project

City of Vallejo, California

June 27, 2024

Project #240210

Prepared for:



Acorn Environmental 8170 Golden Foothill Parkway El Dorado Hills, CA 95762

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INTRODUCTION

The Scotts Valley Development project is located in the City of Vallejo, California.

The proposed project would consist of an eight-story casino that is proposed to have 238,266 square feet of gaming floor area and ballroom/event space that could accommodate a maximum of 2,500 guests. It would also include 24 single family Tribal residences, and a 12,555 square foot Tribal administration building. Two alternatives to the project have also been studied. Alternative B is a Reduced Intensity Alternative which consists of the same casino project but without the Tribal Housing and Offices. Alternative C is a Non-Gaming Alternative that would involve construction of 50 single family homes and three Tribal administration buildings with a total of 23,353 square feet of building space. This alternative would also include two commercial buildings with a total of 129,702 square feet of building space and two hotel buildings with a total of 264 hotel rooms.

Figure 1a-c shows the project site plans. Figure 2 shows an aerial photo of the project site.

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON NOISE

Fundamentals of Acoustics

Acoustics is the science of sound. Sound may be thought of as mechanical energy of a vibrating object transmitted by pressure waves through a medium to human (or animal) ears. If the pressure variations occur frequently enough (at least 20 times per second), then they can be heard and are called sound. The number of pressure variations per second is called the frequency of sound and is expressed as cycles per second or Hertz (Hz).

Noise is a subjective reaction to different types of sounds. Noise is typically defined as (airborne) sound that is loud, unpleasant, unexpected or undesired, and may therefore be classified as a more specific group of sounds. Perceptions of sound and noise are highly subjective from person to person.

Measuring sound directly in terms of pressure would require a very large and awkward range of numbers. To avoid this, the decibel scale was devised. The decibel scale uses the hearing threshold (20 micropascals), as a point of reference, defined as 0 dB. Other sound pressures are then compared to this reference pressure, and the logarithm is taken to keep the numbers in a practical range. The decibel scale allows a million-fold increase in pressure to be expressed as 120 dB, and changes in levels (dB) correspond closely to human perception of relative loudness.

The perceived loudness of sounds is dependent upon many factors, including sound pressure level and frequency content. However, within the usual range of environmental noise levels, perception of loudness is relatively predictable, and can be approximated by A-weighted sound levels. There is a strong correlation between A-weighted sound levels (expressed as dBA) and the way the human ear perceives sound. For this reason, the A-weighted sound level has become the standard tool of environmental noise assessment.



SCOTTS VALLEY, VALLEJO, CA

Site Plan Scheme 4 With residential

10, June 2024

Steelman Partners™

Scotts Valley Casino and Residential

City of Vallejo, California

Figure 1a

Scenario A Site Plan









SCOTTS VALLEY, VALLEJO, CA

Site Plan Scheme 4 Without residential

10, June 2024

Steelman Partners[™]

Scotts Valley Casino and Residential

City of Vallejo, California

Figure 1b

Scenario B Site Plan









SCOTTS VALLEY VALLEJO, CA

Master Plan Scheme 1

May 24, 2024

Steelman Partners™

Scotts Valley Casino and Residential

City of Vallejo, California

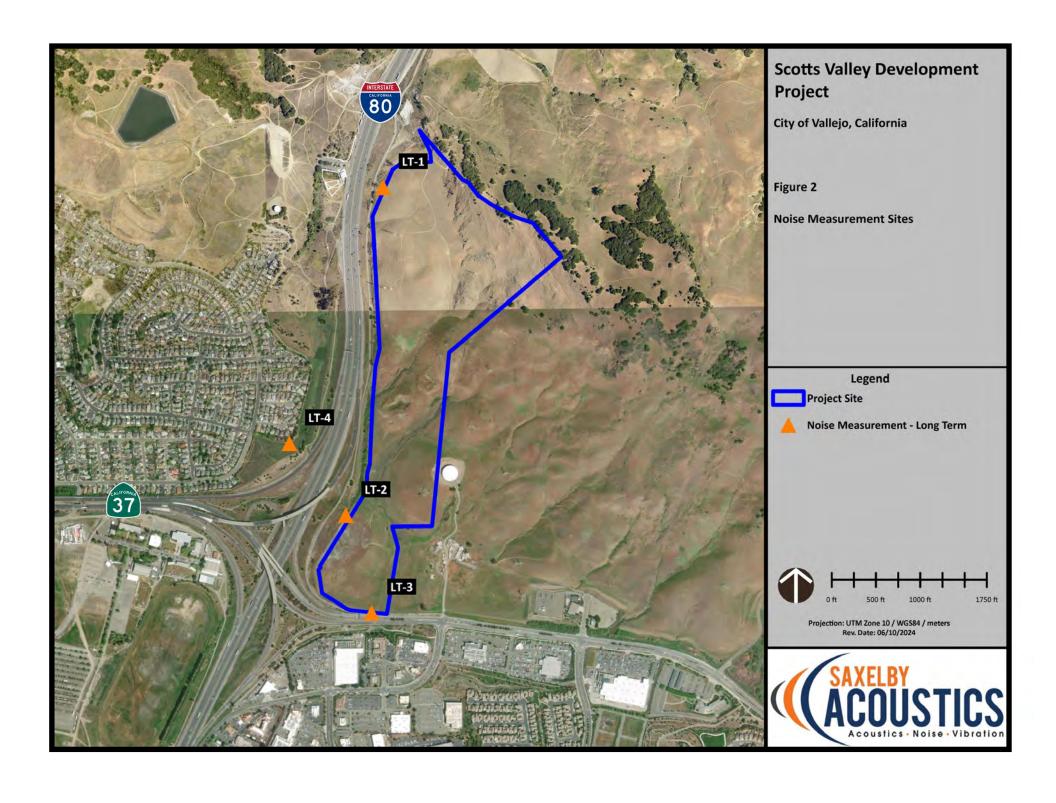
Figure 1c

Scenario C Site Plan











The decibel scale is logarithmic, not linear. In other words, two sound levels 10-dB apart differ in acoustic energy by a factor of 10. When the standard logarithmic decibel is A-weighted, an increase of 10-dBA is generally perceived as a doubling in loudness. For example, a 70-dBA sound is half as loud as an 80-dBA sound, and twice as loud as a 60-dBA sound.

Community noise is commonly described in terms of the ambient noise level, which is defined as the allencompassing noise level associated with a given environment. A common statistical tool is the average, or equivalent, sound level (L_{eq}), which corresponds to a steady-state A-weighted sound level containing the same total energy as a time varying signal over a given time period (usually one hour). The L_{eq} is the foundation of the composite noise descriptor, L_{dn}, and shows very good correlation with community response to noise.

The day/night average level (DNL or L_{dn}) is based upon the average noise level over a 24-hour day, with a +10-decibel weighing applied to noise occurring during nighttime (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.) hours. The nighttime penalty is based upon the assumption that people react to nighttime noise exposures as though they were twice as loud as daytime exposures. Because L_{dn} represents a 24-hour average, it tends to disguise short-term variations in the noise environment.

Table 1 lists several examples of the noise levels associated with common situations. **Appendix A** provides a summary of acoustical terms used in this report.

TABLE 1: TYPICAL NOISE LEVELS

| Common Out <mark>door Acti</mark> vities | Noise Level (dBA) | | Common Indoor Activities |
|--|---|-----|--|
| | | 110 | Rock Band |
| Jet Fly-over at 3 <mark>00 m (1,0</mark> 00 ft.) | | 100 | |
| Gas Lawn Mow <mark>er at 1 m (</mark> 3 ft.) | | 90 | |
| Diesel Truck at <mark>15 m (50</mark> ft.), at 80 km/hr. (5 <mark>0 mph)</mark> | | 80 | Food Blender at 1 m (3 ft.) Garbage Disposal at 1 m (3 ft.) |
| Noisy Urban Area, <mark>Daytime</mark> Gas Lawn Mower, 30 m (<mark>100 ft.)</mark> | | 70 | Vacuum Cleaner at 3 m (10 ft.) |
| Commercial Area Heavy Traffic at 90 m (300 ft.) | | 60 | Normal Speech at 1 m (3 ft.) |
| Quiet Urban Daytime | 50 Large Business Office Dishwasher in Next Room | | |
| Quiet Urban Nighttime | | 40 | Theater, Large Conference Room (Background) |
| Quiet Suburban Nighttime | 30 Library | | Library |
| Quiet Rural Nighttime | 20 Bedroom at Night, C | | Bedroom at Night, Concert Hall (Background) |
| | | 10 | Broadcast/Recording Studio |
| Lowest Threshold of Human Hearing | | 0 | Lowest Threshold of Human Hearing |

Source: Caltrans, Technical Noise Supplement, Traffic Noise Analysis Protocol. September, 2013.



Effects of Noise on People

The effects of noise on people can be placed in three categories:

- Subjective effects of annoyance, nuisance, and dissatisfaction
- Interference with activities such as speech, sleep, and learning
- Physiological effects such as hearing loss or sudden startling

Environmental noise typically produces effects in the first two categories. Workers in industrial plants can experience noise in the last category. There is no completely satisfactory way to measure the subjective effects of noise or the corresponding reactions of annoyance and dissatisfaction. A wide variation in individual thresholds of annoyance exists and different tolerances to noise tend to develop based on an individual's past experiences with noise.

Thus, an important way of predicting a human reaction to a new noise environment is the way it compares to the existing environment to which one has adapted: the so-called ambient noise level. In general, the more a new noise exceeds the previously existing ambient noise level, the less acceptable the new noise will be judged by those hearing it.

With regards to increases in A-weighted noise level, the following relationships occur:

- Except in carefully controlled laboratory experiments, a change of 1-dBA cannot be perceived;
- Outside of the laboratory, a 3-dBA change is considered a just-perceivable difference;
- A change in level of at least 5-dBA is required before any noticeable change in human response would be expected; and
- A 10-dBA change is subjectively heard as approximately a doubling in loudness and can cause an adverse response.

Stationary point sources of noise – including stationary mobile sources such as idling vehicles – attenuate (lessen) at a rate of approximately 6-dB per doubling of distance from the source, depending on environmental conditions (i.e. atmospheric conditions and either vegetative or manufactured noise barriers, etc.). Widely distributed noises, such as a large industrial facility spread over many acres or a street with moving vehicles, would typically attenuate at a lower rate.



EXISTING NOISE AND VIBRATION ENVIRONMENTS

EXISTING NOISE RECEPTORS

Some land uses are considered more sensitive to noise than others. Land uses often associated with sensitive receptors generally include residences, schools, libraries, hospitals, and passive recreational areas. Sensitive noise receptors may also include threatened or endangered noise-sensitive biological species, although many jurisdictions have not adopted noise standards for wildlife areas. Noise sensitive land uses are typically given special attention in order to achieve protection from excessive noise.

Sensitivity is a function of noise exposure (in terms of both exposure duration and insulation from noise) and the types of activities involved. In the vicinity of the project site, sensitive land uses include existing single-family residential uses.

The existing noise environment in the project area is primarily defined by traffic on I-80. To quantify the existing ambient noise environment in the project vicinity, Saxelby Acoustics conducted continuous (24-hr.) noise level measurements at four locations on the project site. Noise measurement locations are shown on **Figure 2**. A summary of the noise level measurement survey results is provided in **Table 2**. **Appendix B** contains the complete results of the noise monitoring.

The sound level meters were programmed to record the maximum, median, and average noise levels at each site during the survey. The maximum value, denoted L_{max} , represents the highest noise level measured. The average value, denoted L_{eq} , represents the energy average of all the noise received by the sound level meter microphone during the monitoring period. The median value, denoted L_{50} , represents the sound level exceeded 50 percent of the time during the monitoring period.

Larson Davis Laboratories (LDL) model 820 precision integrating sound level meters were used for the ambient noise level measurement survey. The meters were calibrated before and after use with a CAL200 acoustical calibrator to ensure the accuracy of the measurements. The equipment used meets all pertinent specifications of the American National Standards Institute for Type 1 sound level meters (ANSI S1.4).



TABLE 2: SUMMARY OF EXISTING BACKGROUND NOISE MEASUREMENT DATA

| Location | Date | L _{dn} | Daytime L _{eq} | Daytime L ₅₀ | Daytime L _{max} | Nighttime L _{eq} | Nighttime L ₅₀ | Nighttime L _{max} |
|----------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | 4/5/24 | 74 | 70 | 70 | 77 | 67 | 66 | 74 |
| LT-1 | 4/6/24 | 72 | 68 | 68 | 79 | 65 | 64 | 74 |
| | 4/7/24 | 69 | 67 | 67 | 79 | 62 | 61 | 73 |
| | 4/5/24 | 62 | 58 | 56 | 67 | 55 | 54 | 65 |
| LT-2 | 4/6/24 | 62 | 59 | 57 | 70 | 56 | 55 | 68 |
| | 4/7/24 | 59 | 57 | 55 | 67 | 52 | 52 | 65 |
| | 4/5/24 | 73 | 71 | 70 | 83 | 66 | 59 | 80 |
| LT-3 | 4/6/24 | 73 | 72 | 70 | 89 | 64 | 59 | 80 |
| | 4/7/24 | 71 | 70 | 68 | 88 | 62 | 56 | 79 |
| | 4/5/24 | 67 | 63 | 61 | 72 | 61 | 59 | 69 |
| LT-4 | 4/6/24 | 63 | 57 | 56 | 71 | 57 | 55 | 69 |
| | 4/7 <mark>/24</mark> | 61 | 57 | 56 | 69 | 55 | 54 | 67 |

All values shown in dBA

• Daytime hours: 7:0<mark>0 a.m. to 1</mark>0:00 p.m.

• Nighttime Hours: 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.

• Source: Saxelby Acoustics, 2024.

FUTURE TRAFFIC NOISE ENVIRONMENT AT OFF-SITE RECEPTORS

OFF-SITE TRAFFIC NOISE IMPACT ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY

To assess noise impacts due to project-related traffic increases on the local roadway network, traffic noise levels are predicted at sensitive receptors for existing and future, project and no-project conditions.

Existing and Cumulative noise levels due to traffic are calculated using the Federal Highway Administration Highway Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA RD-77-108). The model is based upon the Calveno reference noise factors for automobiles, medium trucks and heavy trucks, with consideration given to vehicle volume, speed, roadway configuration, distance to the receiver, and the acoustical characteristics of the site.

The FHWA model was developed to predict hourly L_{eq} values for free-flowing traffic conditions. To predict traffic noise levels in terms of L_{dn} , it is necessary to adjust the input volume to account for the day/night distribution of traffic.

Project trip generation volumes were provided by the project traffic engineer (Abrams Associates, 2024), truck usage and vehicle speeds on the local area roadways were estimated from field observations. The predicted increases in traffic noise levels on the local roadway network for Existing and Cumulative conditions which would result from the project are provided in terms of L_{dn}.

Traffic noise levels are predicted at the sensitive receptors located at the closest typical setback distance along each project-area roadway segment. In some locations sensitive receptors may not receive full shielding from noise barriers or may be located at distances which vary from the assumed calculation distance.



Tables 3-7 summarize the modeled traffic noise levels at the nearest sensitive receptors along each roadway segment in the Project area. **Appendix C** provides the complete inputs and results of the FHWA traffic modeling.

TABLE 3: PREDICTED TRAFFIC NOISE LEVEL AND PROJECT-RELATED TRAFFIC NOISE LEVEL INCREASES

| Roadway | Segment | Existing no Project | Existing + Project | Change |
|------------------------|--|------------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| Auto Mall Parkway | East of Project Access | 47.4 | 47.7 | 0.3 |
| Auto Mall Parkway | West of Project Access | 53.5 | 54.1 | 0.6 |
| N Ascot Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 53.7 | 53.9 | 0.2 |
| Auto Mall Parkway | East of Ascot Court | 44.7 | 45.0 | 0.3 |
| Columbus Parkway | West of Redwood Parkway | 55.9 | 54.1 | -1.8 |
| Columbus Parkway | East of Redwo <mark>od Par</mark> kway | 56.5 | 57.0 | 0.5 |
| Redwood Parkway | South of Columbus Parkway | 51.6 | 51.2 | -0.4 |
| Admiral Callaghan Lane | East of <mark>Autoclu</mark> b way | 48.5 | 48.8 | 0.3 |
| Plaza Drive | Sou <mark>th of Ad</mark> miral Callaghan Lane | 50.7 | 50.8 | 0.1 |
| Turner Parkway | E <mark>ast of Ad</mark> miral Callaghan Lane | 63.3 | 63.4 | 0.1 |
| Admiral Callaghan Lane | South of Turner Parkway | 57.8 | 58.2 | 0.4 |
| Turner Parkway | East of Plaza Drive | 56.1 | 56.2 | 0.1 |
| Redwood Parkway | West of Ascot Parkway | 59.7 | 59.8 | 0.1 |
| Oakwood Avenue | South of Redwood Parkway | 57.7 | 57.6 | -0.1 |



TABLE 4: BASELINE TRAFFIC NOISE LEVEL AND PROJECT-RELATED TRAFFIC NOISE LEVEL INCREASES

| Roadway | Segment | Baseline no Project | Baseline + Project | Change |
|------------------------|---|------------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| Auto Mall Parkway | East of Project Access | 48.1 | 48.4 | 0.3 |
| Auto Mall Parkway | West of Project Access | 54.1 | 54.7 | 0.6 |
| N Ascot Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 54.1 | 54.3 | 0.2 |
| Auto Mall Parkway | East of Ascot Court | 45.2 | 45.5 | 0.3 |
| Columbus Parkway | West of Redwood Parkway | 56.4 | 56.7 | 0.3 |
| Columbus Parkway | East of Redwood Parkway | 57.2 | 57.6 | 0.4 |
| Redwood Parkway | South of Columbus Parkway | 51.7 | 51.7 | 0.0 |
| Admiral Callaghan Lane | East of Autoclub way | 48.9 | 49.2 | 0.3 |
| Plaza Drive | South of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 50.8 | 51.0 | 0.2 |
| Turner Parkway | East of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 63.6 | 63.7 | 0.1 |
| Admiral Callaghan Lane | South of Turner Parkway | 58.3 | 58.6 | 0.3 |
| Turner Parkway | East of Plaza Drive | 56.3 | 56.4 | 0.1 |
| Redwood Parkway | We <mark>st of Asc</mark> ot Parkway | 60.0 | 60.1 | 0.1 |
| Oakwood Avenue | S <mark>outh of R</mark> edwood Parkway | 57.8 | 57.9 | 0.1 |

TABLE 5: CUMULATIVE SCENARIO A TRAFFIC NOISE LEVEL AND PROJECT-RELATED TRAFFIC NOISE LEVEL INCREASES

| Roadway | Segment | Cumulative no Project | Cumulative + Project | Change |
|------------------------|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Auto Mall Parkway | East of Project Access | 48.8 | 48.6 | -0.2 |
| Auto Mall Parkway | West of Project Access | 54.8 | 55.0 | 0.2 |
| N Ascot Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 54.8 | 55.0 | 0.2 |
| Auto Mall Parkway | East of Ascot Court | 45.9 | 46.2 | 0.3 |
| Columbus Parkway | West of Redwood Parkway | 57.1 | 57.4 | 0.3 |
| Columbus Parkway | Ea <mark>st of Red</mark> wood Parkway | 57.9 | 58.2 | 0.3 |
| Redwood Parkway | South of Columbus Parkway | 52.5 | 52.5 | 0.0 |
| Admiral Callaghan Lane | East of A <mark>utoclub</mark> way | 49.5 | 49.7 | 0.2 |
| Plaza Drive | South of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 50.8 | 51.0 | 0.2 |
| Turner Parkway | East of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 64.3 | 64.4 | 0.1 |
| Admiral Callaghan Lane | South of Turner Parkway | 59.0 | 59.3 | 0.3 |
| Turner Parkway | East of Plaza Drive | 57.1 | 57.1 | 0.0 |
| Redwood Parkway | West of Ascot Parkway | 60.7 | 60.8 | 0.1 |
| Oakwood Avenue | South of Redwood Parkway | 58.5 | 59.4 | 0.9 |



TABLE 6: CUMULATIVE SCENARIO B TRAFFIC NOISE LEVEL AND PROJECT-RELATED TRAFFIC NOISE LEVEL INCREASES

| Roadway | Segment | Cumulative no Project | Cumulative + Project | Change |
|------------------------|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Auto Mall Parkway | East of Project Access | 48.8 | 49.0 | 0.2 |
| Auto Mall Parkway | West of Project Access | 54.8 | 55.3 | 0.5 |
| N Ascot Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 54.8 | 55.0 | 0.2 |
| Auto Mall Parkway | East of Ascot Court | 45.9 | 46.1 | 0.2 |
| Columbus Parkway | West of Redwood Parkway | 57.1 | 57.4 | 0.3 |
| Columbus Parkway | East of Redwood Parkway | 57.9 | 58.2 | 0.3 |
| Redwood Parkway | South of Columbus Parkway | 52.5 | 52.5 | 0.0 |
| Admiral Callaghan Lane | East of Autoclub way | 49.5 | 49.7 | 0.2 |
| Plaza Drive | South of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 50.8 | 51.0 | 0.2 |
| Turner Parkway | East of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 64.3 | 64.4 | 0.1 |
| Admiral Callaghan Lane | South of Turner Parkway | 59.0 | 59.3 | 0.3 |
| Turner Parkway | East of Plaza Drive | 57.1 | 57.1 | 0.0 |
| Redwood Parkway | We <mark>st of Asc</mark> ot Parkway | 60.7 | 60.8 | 0.1 |
| Oakwood Avenue | S <mark>outh of R</mark> edwood Parkway | 58.5 | 58.6 | 0.1 |

TABLE 7: CUMULATIVE SCENARIO C TRAFFIC NOISE LEVEL AND PROJECT-RELATED TRAFFIC NOISE LEVEL INCREASES

| Roadway | Segment | Cumulative no Project | Cumulative + Project | Change |
|------------------------|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Auto Mall Parkway | East of Project Access | 48.8 | 49.0 | 0.2 |
| Auto Mall Parkway | West of Project Access | 54.8 | 55.1 | 0.3 |
| N Ascot Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 54.8 | 54.9 | 0.1 |
| Auto Mall Parkway | East of Ascot Court | 45.9 | 46.1 | 0.2 |
| Columbus Parkway | West of Redwood Parkway | 57.1 | 57.3 | 0.2 |
| Columbus Parkway | Ea <mark>st of Red</mark> wood Parkway | 57.9 | 58.1 | 0.2 |
| Redwood Parkway | South of Columbus Parkway | 52.5 | 52.5 | 0.0 |
| Admiral Callaghan Lane | East of A <mark>utoclub</mark> way | 49.5 | 49.6 | 0.1 |
| Plaza Drive | South of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 50.8 | 50.9 | 0.1 |
| Turner Parkway | East of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 64.3 | 64.4 | 0.1 |
| Admiral Callaghan Lane | South of Turner Parkway | 59.0 | 59.3 | 0.3 |
| Turner Parkway | East of Plaza Drive | 57.1 | 57.1 | 0.0 |
| Redwood Parkway | West of Ascot Parkway | 60.7 | 60.8 | 0.1 |
| Oakwood Avenue | South of Redwood Parkway | 58.5 | 58.6 | 0.1 |

Based upon the Tables 3-7 data, the proposed project is predicted to result in an increase in a maximum traffic noise level increase of 0.6 dBA.



EVALUATION OF PROJECT OPERATIONAL NOISE ON EXISTING SENSITIVE RECEPTORS

Project site traffic circulation and HVAC noise are considered to be the primary noise sources for this project. The following is a list of assumptions used for the noise modeling. The data used is based upon a combination of manufacturer's provided data and Saxelby Acoustics data from similar operations.

On-Site Circulation: The project is projected to generate 8,551 daily trips with 740 trips in the evening peak

hour (Abrams Associates). Parking lot movements are predicted to generate a sound exposure level (SEL) of 71 dBA SEL at 50 feet for cars and 85 dBA SEL at 50 feet for

trucks. Saxelby Acoustics data.

Casino HVAC: Assumes ten ten-ton HVAC units servicing the proposed casino. The units were

assumed to have a sound level rating of 100 dBA. Steady state HVAC noise does not fluctuate greatly, so exceedances of the City's maximum noise level standard are not

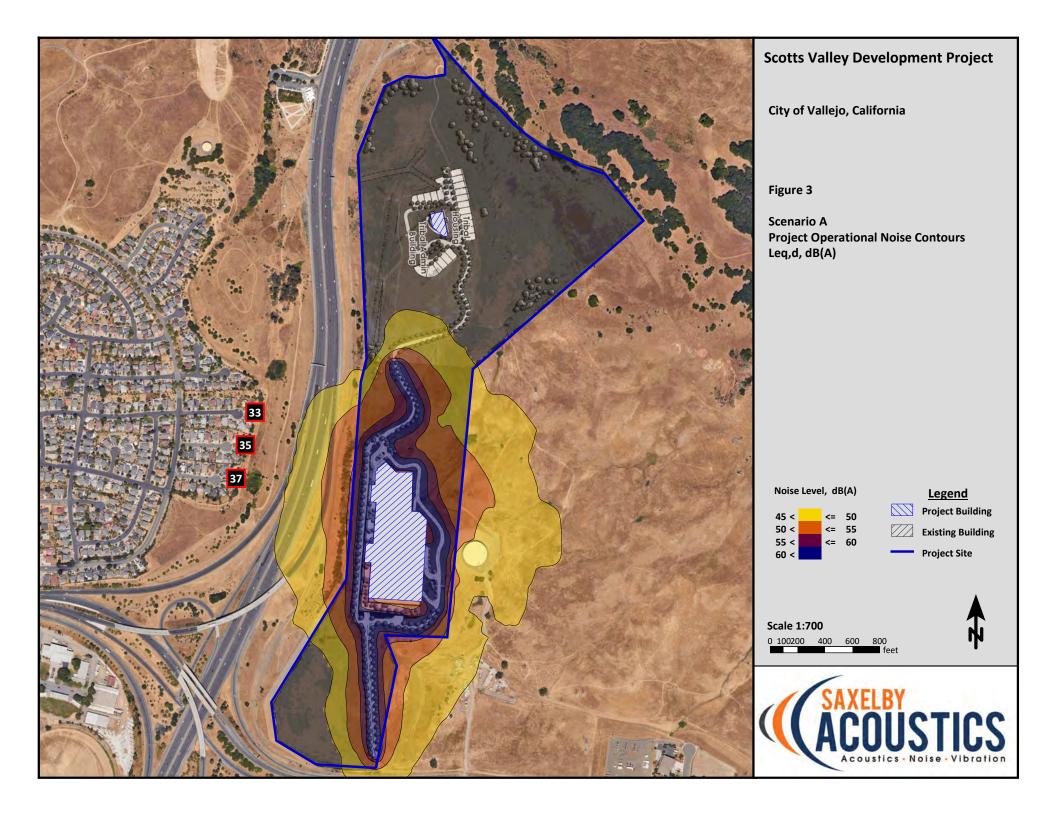
predicted to occur. Manufacturer's data.

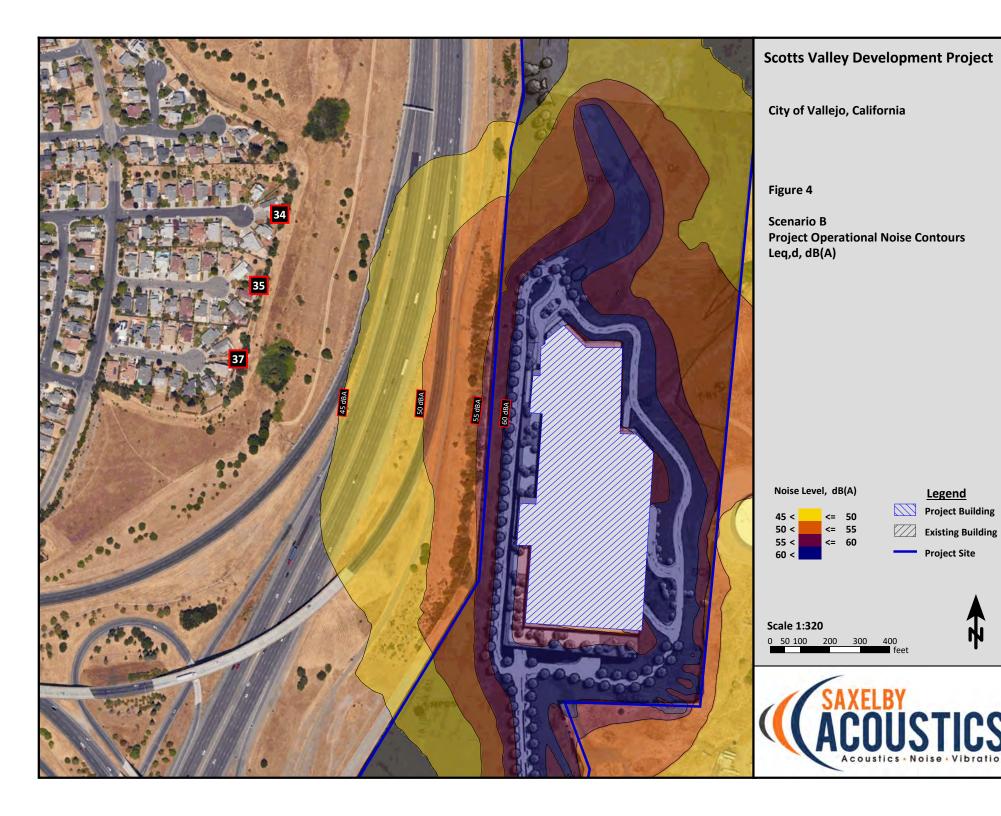
Residential HVAC: Assumes a single three-ton HVAC unit for each residential unit. The units were

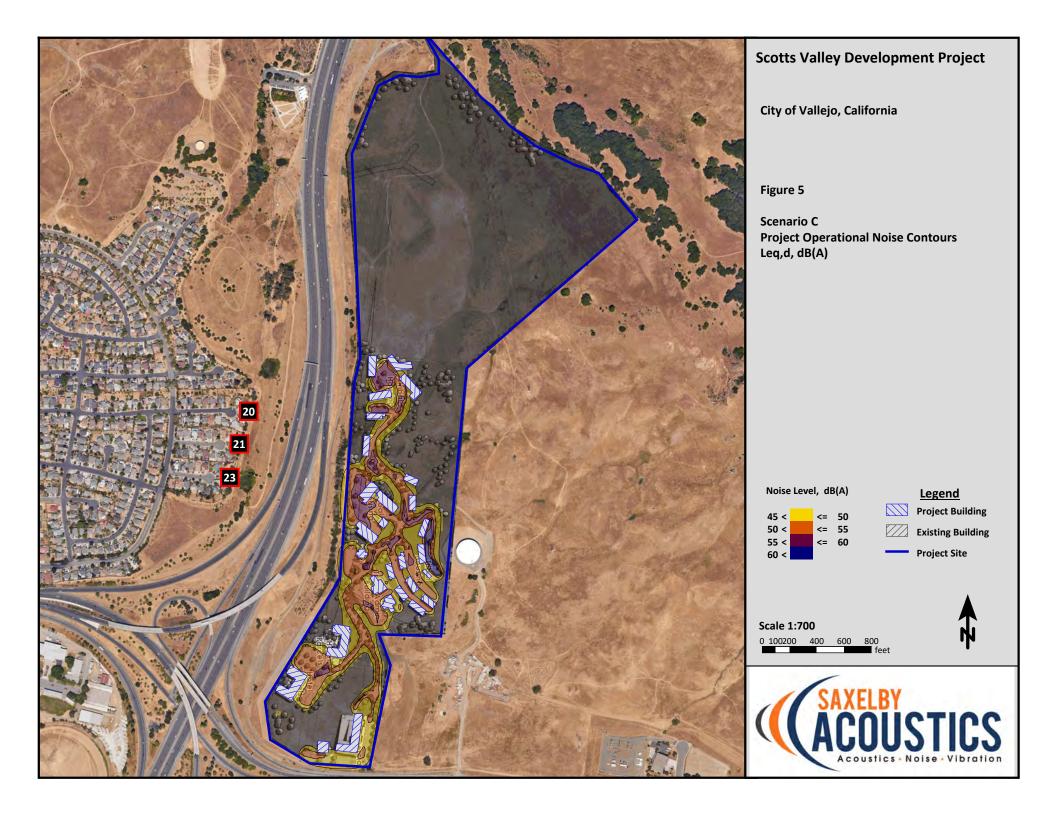
assumed to have a sound level rating of 70 dBA (manufacturer's data). Steady state HVAC noise does not fluctuate greatly, so exceedances of the City's maximum noise

level standard are not predicted to occur.

Saxelby Acoustics used the SoundPLAN noise prediction model. Inputs to the model included sound power levels for the proposed amenities, existing and proposed buildings, terrain type, and locations of sensitive receptors. These predictions are made in accordance with International Organization for Standardization (ISO) standard 9613-2:1996 (Acoustics – Attenuation of sound during propagation outdoors). ISO 9613 is the most commonly used method for calculating exterior noise propagation. **Figures 3-5** shows the noise level contours resulting from operation of the project.









CONSTRUCTION NOISE ENVIRONMENT

During the construction of the proposed project, noise from construction activities would temporarily add to the noise environment in the project vicinity. As shown in Table 8, activities involved in construction would generate maximum noise levels ranging from 76 to 90 dB at a distance of 50 feet.

TABLE 8: CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT NOISE

| Type of Equipment | Maximum Level, dBA at 50 feet |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Auger Drill Rig | 84 |
| Backhoe | 78 |
| Compactor | 83 |
| Compressor (air) | 78 |
| Concrete Saw | 90 |
| Dozer | 82 |
| Dump <mark>Truck</mark> | 76 |
| Exc <mark>avator</mark> | 81 |
| G <mark>enerator</mark> | 81 |
| J <mark>ackhamm</mark> er | 89 |
| P <mark>neumatic</mark> Tools | 85 |

Source: Roadway Construction Noise Model User's Guide. Federal Highway Administration. FHWA-HEP-05-054. January 2006.

CONSTRUCTION VIBRATION ENVIRONMENT

The primary vibration-generating activities associated with the proposed project would occur during construction when activities such as grading, utilities placement, and parking lot construction occur. Table 9 shows the typical vibration levels produced by construction equipment.

TABLE 9: VIBRATION LEVELS FOR VARIOUS CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

| Type of Equipment | Peak Particle Velocity at 25 feet (inches/second) | Peak Particle Velocity at 50 feet (inches/second) | Peak Particle Velocity at 100 feet (inches/second) |
|----------------------------|---|---|--|
| Large Bulldozer | 0.089 | 0.031 | 0.011 |
| Loaded Trucks | 0.076 | 0.027 | 0.010 |
| Small Bulldozer | 0.003 | 0.001 | 0.000 |
| Auger/drill Rigs | 0.089 | 0.031 | 0.011 |
| Jackhammer | 0.035 | 0.012 | 0.004 |
| Vibratory Hammer | 0.070 | 0.025 | 0.009 |
| Vibratory Compactor/roller | 0.210 (Less than 0.20 at 26 feet) | 0.074 | 0.026 |

Source: Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment Guidelines. Federal Transit Administration. May 2006.



REGULATORY CONTEXT

FEDERAL

There are no federal regulations related to noise that apply to the Proposed Project.

STATE

California Environmental Quality Act

The proposed project is not subject to the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). However, for context, CEQA requirements are discussed in this report. The 2024 CEQA Statute & Guidelines Appendix G, indicate that a significant noise impact may occur if a project exposes persons to noise or vibration levels in excess of local general plans or noise ordinance standards, or cause a substantial permanent or temporary increase in ambient noise levels. CEQA standards are discussed in more detail under the Thresholds of Significance section.

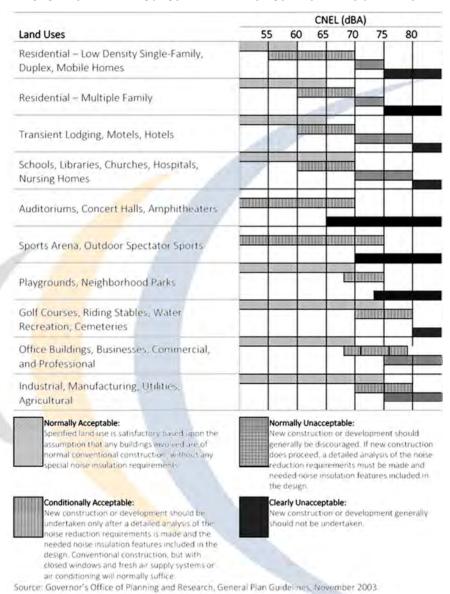
LOCAL

The proposed project is not subject to the requirements of the City of Vallejo. However, for context the City's noise standards are reviewed in this report.



City of Vallejo General Plan

TABLE 10: CALIFORNIA LAND USE COMPATIBILITY FOR COMMUNITY NOISE ENVIRONMENTS



Action NBE-5.13C Update City regulations to restrict the allowable hours to between 7 AM and 7 PM on weekdays for construction, demolition, maintenance, and loading/unloading activities that may impact noise-sensitive land uses.



- Action NBE-5.14A Update City regulations to establish quantified vibration level limits similar to commonly used guidelines found in the Federal Transit Administration document "Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment" (2006).
- Action NBE-5.15A For new single-family residential projects, use a standard of 60 L_{dn} for exterior noise in private use areas, and require appropriate impact mitigation.
- Action NBE-5.15B For new multi-family residential projects, use a standard of 65 L_{dn} in outdoor areas, excluding balconies, and require appropriate impact mitigation.
- Action NBE-5.15C For new mixed-use projects that include a residential component, use a standard of 65 L_{dn} in outdoor areas, excluding balconies, and require the design to minimize commercial noise intrusion into residential areas, including by separating residential areas from noise-generating sources such as mechanical equipment, entertainment facilities, gathering places, loading bays, parking lots, driveways, and trash enclosures to the extent reasonably feasible.
- Action NBE-5.15D Require maximum interior noise levels at 45 L_{dn} in all new residential units, and require appropriate impact mitigation.
- Action NBE-5.15E When approving new development, limit project-related noise increases to the following for permanent stationary and transportation-related noise sources:
 - no more than 10 dB in non-residential areas;
 - no more than 5 dB in residential areas where the with project noise level is less than the maximum "normally acceptable" level in the Noise and Land Use Compatibility figure; and
 - no more than 3 dB where the with-project noise level exceeds the "normally acceptable" level in Noise and Land Use Compatibility figure.

City of Vallejo Municipal Code: 16.502.09 - Noise.

2. Noise standards. Table 16.502-C (Table 11) classifies uses and facilities and establishes exterior and interior noise standards applicable to all uses and facilities in each classification that is not exempt from these requirements pursuant to Subsection B. The requirements impose limits on regularly occurring noise for the specified time periods, averaged over an hour, and do not apply to incidental, infrequent, or unexpected noise, which are subject to Vallejo Municipal Code Chapter 7.84, Regulations of Noise Disturbances. The prohibitions contained in Municipal Code Chapter 7.84, apply to all land uses and activities in the city, and, in the case of a conflict, the more restrictive provisions apply.



TABLE 11: MAXIMUM NOISE LEVEL BY NOISE ZONE, LEO

| Noise Zoning District | Maximum Noise Level in dB than 30 minute | Maximum Noise Level in dBA (level not to be exceeded more than 5 minutes in any hour) | |
|---|--|---|--|
| Noise Zoning District | Measured at Property Line or District Boundary Measured at Any Boundary of a Residential Zone | | Between 10 PM and 7AM, Measured at Any Boundary of a Residential Zone |
| Single-Unit Residential | 60 | 60 | - |
| Multiple-Unit Residential | 65 | 65 | - |
| Commercial and Mixed- Use, Medical, Office | 70 | 60 | 50 or ambient noise level |
| Light Industrial | 75 | 65 | 50 or ambient noise level |
| General Industrial | 75 | 65 | 50 or ambient noise level |
| Public Facilities and Community Use | 65 | 60 | 50 or ambient noise level |
| Open Space and Recreational Districts | 65 | 60 | 50 or ambient noise level |

CRITERIA FOR ACCEPTABLE VIBRATION

Vibration is like noise in that it involves a source, a transmission path, and a receiver. While vibration is related to noise, it differs in that noise is generally considered to be pressure waves transmitted through air, whereas vibration usually consists of the excitation of a structure or surface. As with noise, vibration consists of an amplitude and frequency. A person's perception to the vibration will depend on their individual sensitivity to vibration, as well as the amplitude and frequency of the source and the response of the system which is vibrating.

Vibration can be measured in terms of acceleration, velocity, or displacement. A common practice is to monitor vibration measures in terms of peak particle velocities in inches per second. Standards pertaining to perception as well as damage to structures have been developed for vibration levels defined in terms of peak particle velocities.

Human and structural response to different vibration levels is influenced by a number of factors, including ground type, distance between source and receptor, duration, and the number of perceived vibration events. **Table 12**, which was developed by Caltrans, shows the vibration levels which would normally be required to result in damage to structures. The vibration levels are presented in terms of peak particle velocity in inches per second.

Table 12 indicates that the threshold for architectural damage to structures is 0.20 in/sec p.p.v. A threshold of 0.20 in/sec p.p.v. is considered to be a reasonable threshold for short-term construction projects.



TABLE 12: EFFECTS OF VIBRATION ON PEOPLE AND BUILDINGS

| Peak Particle Velocity | | Human Reaction | Effect on Duthlings | | |
|------------------------|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| mm/second | in/second | Human Reaction | Effect on Buildings | | |
| 0.15-0.30 | 0.006-0.019 | Threshold of perception; possibility of intrusion | Vibrations unlikely to cause damage of any type | | |
| 2.0 | 0.08 | Vibrations readily perceptible | Recommended upper level of the vibration to which ruins and ancient monuments should be subjected | | |
| 2.5 | 0.10 | Level at which continuous vibrations begin to annoy people | Virtually no risk of "architectural" damage to normal buildings | | |
| 5.0 | 0.20 | Vibrations annoying to people in buildings (this agrees with the levels established for people standing on bridges and subjected to relative short periods of vibrations) | Threshold at which there is a risk of "architectural" damage to normal dwelling - houses with plastered walls and ceilings. Special types of finish such as lining of walls, flexible ceiling treatment, etc., would minimize "architectural" damage | | |
| 10-15 | 0.4-0.6 | Vibrations considered unpleasant by people subjected to continuous vibrations and unacceptable to some people walking on bridges | Vibrations at a greater level than normally expected from traffic, but would cause "architectural" damage and possibly minor structural damage | | |

Source: Transportation Related Earthborne Vibrations. Caltrans. TAV-02-01-R9601. February 20, 2002.



IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

There are no specific Federal thresholds applicable to the proposed project. However, as discussed earlier CEQA guidance and review of local noise standards are considered in this report for context. Appendix G of the CEQA Guidelines states that a project would normally be considered to result in significant noise impacts if noise levels conflict with adopted environmental standards or plans or if noise generated by the project would substantially increase existing noise levels at sensitive receivers on a permanent or temporary basis. In addition to CEQA guidance, increased criteria from the Federal Interagency Committee on Noise (FICON) are also considered, as discussed below. Specific CEQA thresholds include the following:

Would the project:

- Generate a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the a. project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?
- Generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels? b.
- For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such c. a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?

The proposed project is not located within two miles of a public or private airport, therefore item "c" is not discussed any further in this study.

Noise Level Increase Criteria for Long-Term Project-Related Noise Level Increases

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) guidelines define a significant impact of a project if it "increases substantially the ambient noise levels for adjoining areas." Generally, a project may have a significant effect on the environment if it will substantially increase the ambient noise levels for adjoining areas or expose people to severe noise levels. In practice, more specific professional standards have been developed. These standards state that a noise impact may be considered significant if it would generate noise that would conflict with local project criteria or ordinances, or substantially increase noise levels at noise sensitive land uses. The potential increase in traffic noise from the project is a factor in determining significance. Research into the human perception of changes in sound level indicates the following:

- A 3-dB change is barely perceptible,
- A 5-dB change is clearly perceptible, and
- A 10-dB change is perceived as being twice or half as loud.

A limitation of using a single noise level increase value to evaluate noise impacts is that it fails to account for pre-project noise conditions. Table 13 is based upon recommendations made by the Federal Interagency Committee on Noise (FICON) to provide guidance in the assessment of changes in ambient noise levels resulting from aircraft operations. The recommendations are based upon studies that relate aircraft noise levels to the percentage of persons highly annoyed by the noise. Although the FICON recommendations were specifically developed to assess aircraft noise impacts, it has been accepted that they are applicable to all sources of noise described in terms of cumulative noise exposure metrics such as the L_{dn}.



TABLE 13: SIGNIFICANCE OF CHANGES IN NOISE EXPOSURE

| Ambient Noise Level Without Project, L _{dn} | Increase Required for Significant Impact | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| <60 dB | +5.0 dB or more | | | |
| 60-65 dB | +3.0 dB or more | | | |
| >65 dB | +1.5 dB or more | | | |

Source: Federal Interagency Committee on Noise (FICON).

Based on the Table 13 data, an increase in the traffic noise level of 5 dB or more would be significant where the pre-project noise levels are less than 60 dB L_{dn}, or 3 dB or more where existing noise levels are between 60 to 65 dB Ldn. Extending this concept to higher noise levels, an increase in the traffic noise level of 1.5 dB or more may be significant where the pre-project traffic noise level exceeds 65 dB L_{dn}. The rationale for the **Table** 13 criteria is that, as ambient noise levels increase, a smaller increase in noise resulting from a project is sufficient to cause annovance.

Temporary Construction Noise Impacts

There are no specific thresholds for construction noise that are applicable to the proposed project. For context, local and state of California standards are discussed below.

With temporary noise impacts (construction), identification of "substantial increases" depends upon the duration of the impact, the temporal daily nature of the impact, and the absolute change in decibel levels. Per the City of Vallejo General Plan, construction activities operating between 7:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. Monday through Friday are exempt from the ordinance.

The City has not adopted any formal standard for evaluating temporary construction noise which occurs within allowable hours. For short-term noise associated with Project construction, Saxelby Acoustics recommends use of the Caltrans increase criteria of 12 dBA (Caltrans Traffic Noise Protocol, 2020), applied to existing residential receptors in the project vicinity. This level of increase is approximately equivalent to a doubling of sound energy and has been the standard of significance for Caltrans projects at the state level for many years. Application of this standard to construction activities is considered reasonable considering the temporary nature of construction activities.

PROJECT-SPECIFIC IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

Impact 1: Would the project generate a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?

Traffic Noise Increases at Off-Site Receptors

The FICON guidelines specify criteria to determine the significance of traffic noise impacts. Where existing traffic noise levels are greater than 65 dB L_{dn}, a +1.5 dB L_{dn} increase in roadway noise levels will be considered significant. According to Tables 3-7, the maximum increase is traffic noise at the nearest sensitive receptor is predicted to be 0.6 dBA. Therefore, impacts resulting from increased traffic noise would be considered lessthan-significant, and no mitigation is required.



Operational Noise at Existing Sensitive Receptors

As shown on Figures 3-5, the project is predicted to expose nearby residences to noise levels up to 37 dBA, Lea during both daytime (7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.) and nighttime (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.) hours. The predicted project noise levels would meet the City of Vallejo noise standard for non-transportation noise sources of 60 dBA, Lea. The predicted noise levels are also well below the measured nighttime noise levels of 54-59 dBA Lea as shown in **Table 2** for site LT-4. Therefore, the project is not predicted to cause a substantial increase in ambient noise levels at the sensitive receptors closest to the project site.

This is a *less-than-significant* impact, and no mitigation is required.

Construction Noise

During the construction phases of the project, noise from construction activities would add to the noise environment in the immediate project vicinity. As indicated in Table 8, activities involved in construction would generate maximum noise levels ranging from 76 to 90 dBA L_{max} at a distance of 50 feet. Construction activities would also be temporary in nature and are anticipated to occur during normal daytime working hours.

The City of Vallejo General Plan exempts construction noise from the noise ordinance between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, provided that either no individual piece of equipment shall produce noise levels greater than 83 dBA at 25 feet or noise levels outside the property plane are less than 86 dBA. As shown in Table 8, construction equipment that may be used in the development of the project has the potential to exceed 83 dBA at 25 feet. However, the majority of project construction would occur away from the property boundary, therefore limiting noise levels at the property plane to below 86 dBA.

Caltrans defines a significant increase due to noise as an increase of 12 dBA over existing ambient noise levels; Saxelby Acoustics used this criterion to evaluate increases due to construction noise associated with the project. As shown in Table 8, construction equipment is predicted to generate noise levels of up to 90 dBA L_{max} at 50 feet. Construction noise is evaluated as occurring at the center of the site to represent average noise levels generated over the duration of construction across the project site. The nearest residential uses are located approximately 1,300 feet as measured from the center of the project site. At this distance, maximum construction noise levels would be up to 62 dBA. The average daytime maximum noise levels in the vicinity of the closest sensitive receptors was measured to be 69-72 dBA L_{max}, as shown in **Table 2** for site LT-4. Therefore, project construction would not cause an increase of greater than 12 dBA over existing ambient noise levels.

Noise would also be generated during the construction phase by increased truck traffic on area roadways. A project-generated noise source would be truck traffic associated with transport of heavy materials and equipment to and from the construction site. This noise increase would be of short duration and would occur during daytime hours.

Although construction activities are temporary in nature and would occur during normal daytime working hours, construction-related noise could result in sleep interference at existing noise-sensitive land uses in the vicinity of the construction if construction activities were to occur outside the normal daytime hours. Therefore, impacts resulting from noise levels temporarily exceeding the threshold of significance due to construction would be considered potentially significant. Recommended measure 1(a) would reduce construction noise impacts to *less-than-significant* relative to the thresholds discussed in this report.



Recommended Measures

- 1(a) The project shall establish the following as conditions of approval for any permit that results in the use of construction equipment:
 - Construction shall be limited to between 7 AM and 7 PM on weekdays for construction, demolition, maintenance, and loading/unloading activities that may impact noise-sensitive land uses.
 - All construction equipment powered by internal combustion engines shall be properly muffled and maintained.
 - Quiet construction equipment, particularly air compressors, are to be selected whenever possible.
 - All stationary noise-generating construction equipment such as generators or air compressors are to be located as far as is practical from existing residences. In addition, the project contractor shall place such stationary construction equipment so that emitted noise is directed away from sensitive receptors nearest the project site.
 - Unnecessary idling of internal combustion engines is prohibited.
 - The construction contractor shall, to the maximum extent practical, locate on-site equipment staging areas to maximize the distance between construction-related noise sources and noise-sensitive receptors nearest the project site during all project construction.

Timing/Implementation: Implemented prior to approval of grading and/or building permits

Implementation of recommended measure 1(a) would help to reduce construction-generated noise levels. With mitigation, this impact would be considered *less-than-significant* relative to the thresholds discussed in this report.

Would the project generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels? Impact 2:

Construction vibration impacts include human annoyance and building structural damage. Human annoyance occurs when construction vibration rises significantly above the threshold of perception. Building damage can take the form of cosmetic or structural.

The **Table 9** data indicates that construction vibration levels anticipated for the project are less than the 0.2 in/sec threshold at distances of 26 feet. Sensitive receptors which could be impacted by construction related vibrations, especially vibratory compactors/rollers, are located further than 26 feet from typical construction activities. At distances greater than 26 feet construction vibrations are not predicted to exceed acceptable levels. Additionally, construction activities would be temporary in nature and would likely occur during normal daytime working hours.

This is a less-than-significant impact and no mitigation is required relative to the thresholds discussed in this report.



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Appendix A: Acoustical Terminology

Acoustics The science of sound.

Ambient Noise The distinctive acoustical characteristics of a given space consisting of all noise sources audible at that location. In many

cases, the term ambient is used to describe an existing or pre-project condition such as the setting in an environmental

noise study.

ASTC Apparent Sound Transmission Class. Similar to STC but includes sound from flanking paths and correct for room

reverberation. A larger number means more attenuation. The scale, like the decibel scale for sound, is logarithmic.

Attenuation The reduction of an acoustic signal.

A-Weighting A frequency-response adjustment of a sound level meter that conditions the output signal to approximate human

response.

Decibel or dB Fundamental unit of sound, A Bell is defined as the logarithm of the ratio of the sound pressure squared over the

reference pressure squared. A Decibel is one-tenth of a Bell.

CNEL Community Noise Equivalent Level. Defined as the 24-hour average noise level with noise occurring during evening

hours (7 - 10 p.m.) weighted by +5 dBA and nighttime hours weighted by +10 dBA.

DNL See definition of Ldn.

IIC Impact Insulation Class. An integer-number rating of how well a building floor attenuates impact sounds, such as

footsteps. A larger number means more attenuation. The scale, like the decibel scale for sound, is logarithmic.

Frequency The measure of the rapidity of alterations of a periodic signal, expressed in cycles per second or hertz (Hz).

Ldn Day/Night Average Sound Level. Similar to CNEL but with no evening weighting.

Leq Equivalent or energy-averaged sound level.

The highest root-mean-square (RMS) sound level measured over a given period of time.

L(n) The sound level exceeded a described percentile over a measurement period. For instance, an hourly L50 is the sound

level exceeded 50% of the time during the one-hour period.

Loudness A subjective term for the sensation of the magnitude of sound.

Noise Isolation Class. A rating of the noise reduction between two spaces. Similar to STC but includes sound from

flanking paths and no correction for room reverberation.

NNIC Normalized Noise Isolation Class. Similar to NIC but includes a correction for room reverberation.

Noise Unwanted sound.

NRC Noise Reduction Coefficient. NRC is a single-number rating of the sound-absorption of a material equal to the arithmetic

mean of the sound-absorption coefficients in the 250, 500, 1000, and 2,000 Hz octave frequency bands rounded to the nearest multiple of 0.05. It is a representation of the amount of sound energy absorbed upon striking a particular

surface. An NRC of 0 indicates perfect reflection; an NRC of 1 indicates perfect absorption.

RT60 The time it takes reverberant sound to decay by 60 dB once the source has been removed.

Sabin The unit of sound absorption. One square foot of material absorbing 100% of incident sound has an absorption of 1

Sabin.

SEL Sound Exposure Level. SEL is a rating, in decibels, of a discrete event, such as an aircraft flyover or train pass by, that

compresses the total sound energy into a one-second event.

SPC Speech Privacy Class. SPC is a method of rating speech privacy in buildings. It is designed to measure the degree of

speech privacy provided by a closed room, indicating the degree to which conversations occurring within are kept

private from listeners outside the room.

STC Sound Transmission Class. STC is an integer rating of how well a building partition attenuates airborne sound. It is widely

used to rate interior partitions, ceilings/floors, doors, windows and exterior wall configurations. The STC rating is typically used to rate the sound transmission of a specific building element when tested in laboratory conditions where flanking paths around the assembly don't exist. A larger number means more attenuation. The scale, like the decibel

scale for sound, is logarithmic.

Threshold The lowest sound that can be perceived by the human auditory system, generally considered

of Hearing to be 0 dB for persons with perfect hearing.

Threshold Approximately 120 dB above the threshold of hearing. of Pain

Impulsive Sound of short duration, usually less than one second, with an abrupt onset and

rapid decay.

Simple Tone Any sound which can be judged as audible as a single pitch or set of single pitches.





Appendix B: Continuous Ambient Noise Measurement Results



Appendix B1a: Continuous Noise Monitoring Results

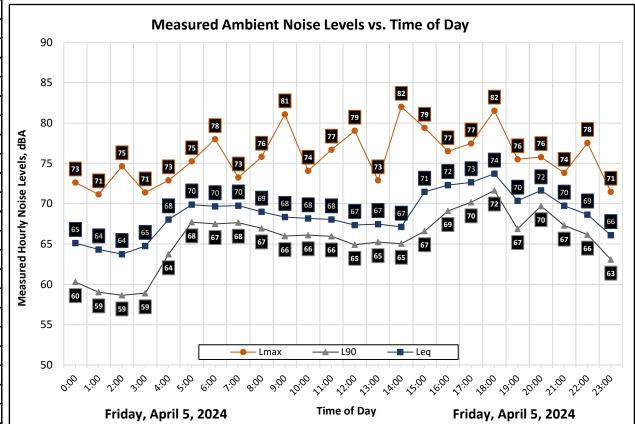
| | | Measured Level, dBA | | | |
|-----------------------|------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Date | Time | L _{eq} | L _{max} | L ₅₀ | L ₉₀ |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 0:00 | 65 | 73 | 65 | 60 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 1:00 | 64 | 71 | 64 | 59 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 2:00 | 64 | 75 | 63 | 59 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 3:00 | 65 | 71 | 64 | 59 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 4:00 | 68 | 73 | 68 | 64 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 5:00 | 70 | 75 | 70 | 68 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 6:00 | 70 | 78 | 70 | 67 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 7:00 | 70 | 73 | 70 | 68 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 8:00 | 69 | 76 | 69 | 67 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 9:00 | 68 | 81 | 68 | 66 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 10:00 | 68 | 74 | 68 | 66 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 11:00 | 68 | 77 | 68 | 66 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 12:00 | 67 | 79 | 67 | 65 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 13:00 | 67 | 73 | 67 | 65 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 14:00 | 67 | 82 | 67 | 65 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 15:00 | 71 | 79 | 71 | 67 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 16:00 | 72 | 77 | 72 | 69 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 17:00 | 73 | 77 | 72 | 70 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 18:00 | 74 | 82 | 74 | 72 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 19:00 | 70 | 76 | 70 | 67 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 20:00 | 72 | 76 | 71 | 70 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 21:00 | 70 | 74 | 70 | 67 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 22:00 | 69 | 78 | 68 | 66 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 23:00 | 66 | 71 | 66 | 63 |
| | Statistics | Leq | Lmax | L50 | L90 |
| D | ay Average | 70 | 77 | 70 | 67 |
| Nig | ht Average | 67 | 74 | 66 | 63 |
| | Day Low | 67 | 73 | 67 | 65 |
| | Day High | 74 | 82 | 74 | 72 |
| | Night Low | | 71 | 63 | 59 |
| | Night High | | 78 | 70 | 68 |
| | Ldn | | Day % | | 80 |
| | CNEL | 74 | Nigl | nt % | 20 |

Site: LT-1

Project: Scotts Valley Development Project Meter: LDL 820-1

Location: North West of Project Site Calibrator: CAL200

Coordinates: (10S 568733 4222872)



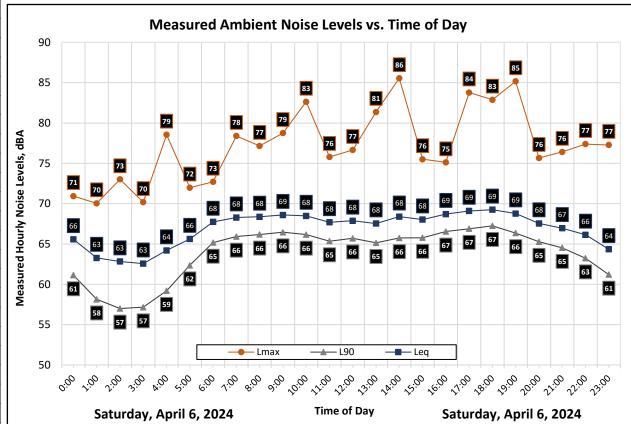


| | | Measured Level, dBA | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Date | Time | L _{eq} | L _{max} | L ₅₀ | L ₉₀ | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 0:00 | 66 | 71 | 65 | 61 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 1:00 | 63 | 70 | 63 | 58 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 2:00 | 63 | 73 | 62 | 57 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 3:00 | 63 | 70 | 62 | 57 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 4:00 | 64 | 79 | 63 | 59 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 5:00 | 66 | 72 | 65 | 62 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 6:00 | 68 | 73 | 68 | 65 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 7:00 | 68 | 78 | 68 | 66 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 8:00 | 68 | 77 | 68 | 66 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 9:00 | 69 | 79 | 68 | 66 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 10:00 | 68 | 83 | 68 | 66 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 11:00 | 68 | 76 | 67 | 65 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 12:00 | 68 | 77 | 68 | 66 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 13:00 | 68 | 81 | 67 | 65 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 14:00 | 68 | 86 | 68 | 66 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 15:00 | 68 | 76 | 68 | 66 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 16:00 | 69 | 75 | 69 | 67 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 17:00 | 69 | 84 | 69 | 67 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 18:00 | 69 | 83 | 69 | 67 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 19:00 | 69 | 85 | 68 | 66 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 20:00 | 68 | 76 | 67 | 65 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 21:00 | 67 | 76 | 67 | 65 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 22:00 | 66 | 77 | 66 | 63 | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 23:00 | 64 | 77 | 64 | 61 | |
| | Statistics | Leq | Lmax | L50 | L90 | |
| | Day Average | 68 | 79 | 68 | 66 | |
| | Night Average | 65 | 74 | 64 | 61 | |
| | Day Low | 67 | 75 | 67 | 65 | |
| | Day High | 69 | 86 | 69 | 67 | |
| | Night Low | 63 | 70 | 62 | 57 | |
| | Night High | 68 | 79 | 68 | 65 | |
| | Ldn | 72 | Da | y % | 81 | |
| | CNEL | 72 | Nigl | ht % | 19 | |
| | | | | | | |

Site: LT-1

Project: Scotts Valley Development Project Meter: LDL 820-1 **Location: North West of Project Site** Calibrator: CAL200

Coordinates: (10S 568733 4222872)





Appendix B1c: Continuous Noise Monitoring Results

| | Time | Measured Level, dBA | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Date | | L _{eq} | L _{max} | L ₅₀ | L ₉₀ | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 0:00 | 64 | 73 | 63 | 60 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 1:00 | 61 | 72 | 61 | 57 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 2:00 | 60 | 75 | 59 | 54 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 3:00 | 59 | 67 | 58 | 53 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 4:00 | 60 | 73 | 59 | 54 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 5:00 | 61 | 69 | 61 | 57 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 6:00 | 63 | 70 | 63 | 59 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 7:00 | 65 | 80 | 64 | 61 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 8:00 | 66 | 84 | 65 | 63 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 9:00 | 67 | 74 | 66 | 64 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 10:00 | 67 | 75 | 67 | 65 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 11:00 | 67 | 81 | 66 | 64 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 12:00 | 67 | 75 | 67 | 65 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 13:00 | 66 | 79 | 66 | 63 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 14:00 | 67 | 77 | 67 | 64 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 15:00 | 68 | 81 | 68 | 66 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 16:00 | 68 | 86 | 67 | 66 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 17:00 | 69 | 83 | 68 | 66 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 18:00 | 69 | 80 | 69 | 67 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 19:00 | 68 | 79 | 68 | 66 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 20:00 | 67 | 71 | 67 | 65 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 21:00 | 67 | 74 | 67 | 64 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 22:00 | 66 | 83 | 66 | 63 | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 23:00 | 63 | 73 | 63 | 60 | |
| | Statistics | Leq | Lmax | L50 | L90 | |
| D | ay Average | 67 | 79 | 67 | 65 | |
| Nig | ght Average | 62 | 73 | 61 | 57 | |
| | Day Low | 65 | 71 | 64 | 61 | |
| | Day High | 69 | 86 | 69 | 67 | |
| | Night Low | 59 | 67 | 58 | 53 | |
| | Night High | 64 | 83 | 66 | 63 | |
| | Ldn | 69 | Da | y % | 87 | |
| | | | | | | |

Night %

13

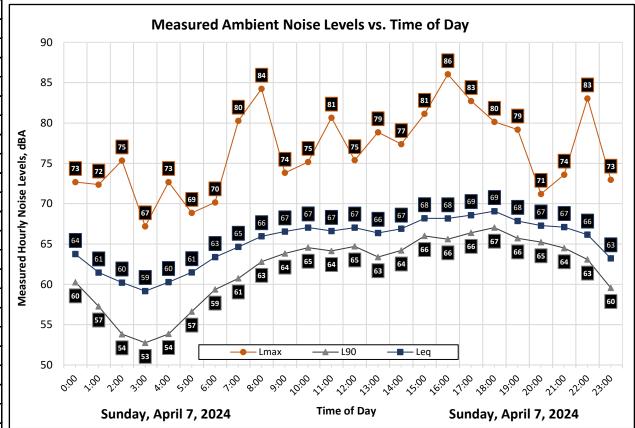
CNEL 70

Site: LT-1

Project: Scotts Valley Development Project Meter: LDL 820-1

Location: North West of Project Site Calibrator: CAL200

Coordinates: (10S 568733 4222872)





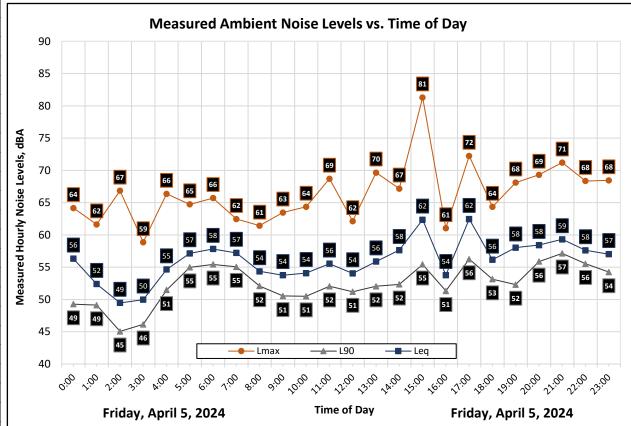
Appendix B2a: Continuous Noise Monitoring Results

| | | M | easured | Level, d | IBA | | |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Date | Time | L _{eq} | L _{max} | L ₅₀ | L ₉₀ | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 0:00 | 56 | 64 | 56 | 49 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 1:00 | 52 | 62 | 52 | 49 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 2:00 | 49 | 67 | 48 | 45 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 3:00 | 50 | 59 | 49 | 46 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 4:00 | 55 | 66 | 54 | 51 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 5:00 | 57 | 65 | 57 | 55 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 6:00 | 58 | 66 | 57 | 55 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 7:00 | 57 | 62 | 57 | 55 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 8:00 | 54 | 52 | | | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 9:00 | 54 | 63 | 53 | 51 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 10:00 | 54 | 64 | 53 | 51 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 11:00 | 56 | 69 | 54 | 52 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 12:00 | 54 | 62 | 54 | 51 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 13:00 | 56 | 70 | 55 | 52 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 14:00 | 58 | 67 | 57 | 52 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 15:00 | 62 | 81 | 60 | 55 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 16:00 | 54 | 61 | 53 | 51 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 17:00 | 62 | 72 | 62 | 56 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 18:00 | 56 | 64 | 56 | 53 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 19:00 | 58 | 68 | 55 | 52 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 20:00 | 58 | 69 | 58 | 56 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 21:00 | 59 | 71 | 59 | 57 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 22:00 | 58 | 68 | 57 | 56 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 23:00 | 57 | 68 | 56 | 54 | | |
| | Statistics | Leq | Lmax | L50 | L90 | | |
| Ε | Day Average | 58 | 67 | 56 | 53 | | |
| Ni | ght Average | 55 | 65 | 54 | 51 | | |
| | Day Low | 54 | 61 | 53 | 51 | | |
| | Day High | 62 | 81 | 62 | 57 | | |
| | Night Low 49 59 48 | | | | | | |
| | Night Low 49 59 48 Night High 58 68 57 | | | | | | |
| | Ldn | 62 | Da | y % | 77 | | |
| | CNEL | 62 | Nigl | nt % | 23 | | |

Site: LT-2

Project: Scotts Valley Development Project Meter: LDL 820-5
Location: South West of Project Site Calibrator: CAL200

Coordinates: (10S 568604 4221742)





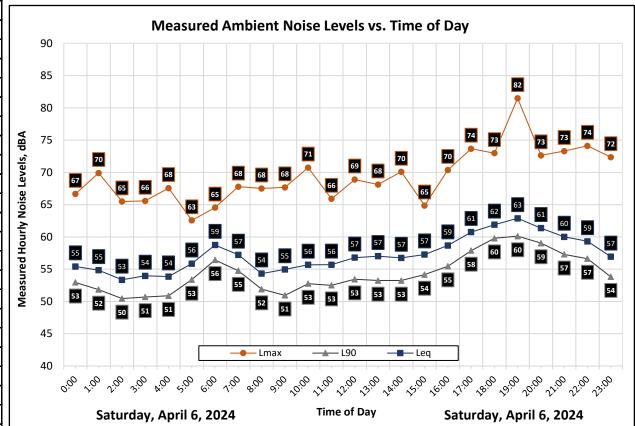
Appendix B2b: Continuous Noise Monitoring Results

| | | M | easured | Level, d | BA | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Date | Time | L _{eq} | L _{max} | L ₅₀ | L ₉₀ | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 0:00 | 55 | 67 | 55 | 53 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 1:00 | 55 | 70 | 54 | 52 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 2:00 | 53 | 65 | 53 | 50 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 3:00 | 54 | 66 | 53 | 51 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 4:00 | 54 | 68 | 53 | 51 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 5:00 | 56 | 63 | 56 | 53 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 6:00 | 59 | 65 | 58 | 56 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 7:00 | 57 | 68 | 57 | 55 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 8:00 | 54 | 68 | 54 | 52 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 9:00 | 55 | 68 | 54 | 51 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 10:00 | 56 | 71 | 55 | 53 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 11:00 | 56 | 66 | 55 | 53 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 12:00 | 57 | 69 | 56 | 53 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 13:00 | 57 | 68 | 56 | 53 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 14:00 | 57 | 70 | 56 | 53 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 15:00 | 57 | 65 | 57 | 54 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 16:00 | 59 | 70 | 58 | 55 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 17:00 | 61 | 74 | 60 | 58 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 18:00 | 62 | 73 | 62 | 60 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 19:00 | 63 | 82 | 62 | 60 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 20:00 | 61 | 73 | 61 | 59 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 21:00 | 60 | 73 | 59 | 57 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 22:00 | 59 | 74 | 59 | 57 | | | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 23:00 | 57 | 72 | 56 | 54 | | | | | |
| | Statistics | Leq | Lmax | L50 | L90 | | | | | |
| | Day Average | 59 | 70 | 57 | 55 | | | | | |
| | Night Average | 56 | 68 | 55 | 53 | | | | | |
| | Day Low | 54 | 65 | 54 | 51 | | | | | |
| | Day High | 63 | 82 | 62 | 60 | | | | | |
| | Night Low | 53 | 63 | 53 | 50 | | | | | |
| | Night High | 59 | 74 | 8 56 5 0 56 5 5 57 5 0 58 5 4 60 5 3 62 6 2 62 6 3 61 5 3 59 5 4 59 5 2 56 5 10x L50 L9 0 57 5 8 55 5 5 4 5 2 62 6 3 53 5 4 59 5 Day % 8 | | | | | | |
| | Ldn | 62 | Da | y % | 80 | | | | | |
| | CNEL | 63 | Nigl | nt % | 20 | | | | | |

Site: LT-2

Project: Scotts Valley Development Project Meter: LDL 820-5
Location: South West of Project Site Calibrator: CAL200

Coordinates: (10S 568604 4221742)





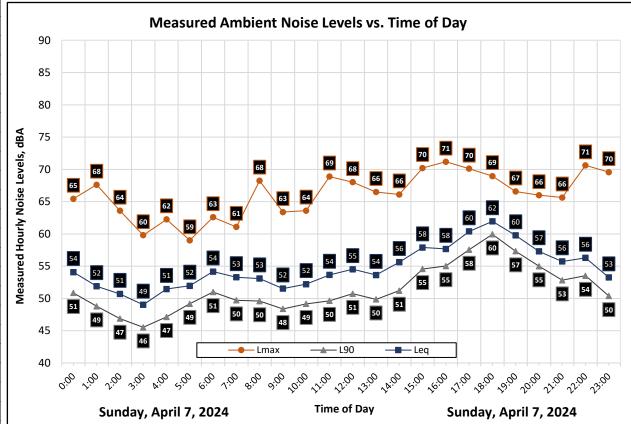
Appendix B2c: Continuous Noise Monitoring Results

| | | M | easured | Level, d | ВА |
|-----------------------|-------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Date | Time | L _{eq} | L _{max} | L ₅₀ | L ₉₀ |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 0:00 | 54 | 65 | 53 | 51 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 1:00 | 52 | 68 | 51 | 49 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 2:00 | 51 | 64 | 50 | 47 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 3:00 | 49 | 60 | 48 | 46 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 4:00 | 51 | 62 | 50 | 47 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 5:00 | 52 | 59 | 52 | 49 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 6:00 | 54 | 63 | 53 | 51 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 7:00 | 53 | 61 | 53 | 50 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 8:00 | 53 | 68 | 52 | 50 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 9:00 | 52 | 63 | 51 | 48 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 10:00 | 52 | 64 | 51 | 49 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 11:00 | 54 | 69 | 52 | 50 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 12:00 | 55 | 68 | 53 | 51 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 13:00 | 54 | 66 | 53 | 50 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 14:00 | 56 | 66 | 55 | 51 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 15:00 | 58 | 70 | 57 | 55 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 16:00 | 58 | 71 | 57 | 55 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 17:00 | 60 | 70 | 60 | 58 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 18:00 | 62 | 69 | 62 | 60 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 19:00 | 60 | 67 | 59 | 57 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 20:00 | 57 | 66 | 57 | 55 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 21:00 | 56 | 66 | 55 | 53 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 22:00 | 56 | 71 | 55 | 54 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 23:00 | 53 | 70 | 53 | 50 |
| | Statistics | Leq | Lmax | L50 | L90 |
| | Day Average | 57 | 67 | 55 | 53 |
| Ni | ght Average | 52 | 65 | 52 | 49 |
| | Day Low | 52 | 61 | 51 | 48 |
| | Day High | 62 | 71 | 62 | 60 |
| | Night Low | 49 | 59 | 48 | 46 |
| | Night High | 54 | 71 | 55 | 54 |
| | Ldn | 59 | Dav | y % | 85 |
| | CNEL | 60 | Nigh | ht % | 15 |
| | | | | | |

Site: LT-2

Project: Scotts Valley Development Project Meter: LDL 820-5
Location: South West of Project Site Calibrator: CAL200

Coordinates: (10S 568604 4221742)





Appendix B3a: Continuous Noise Monitoring Results

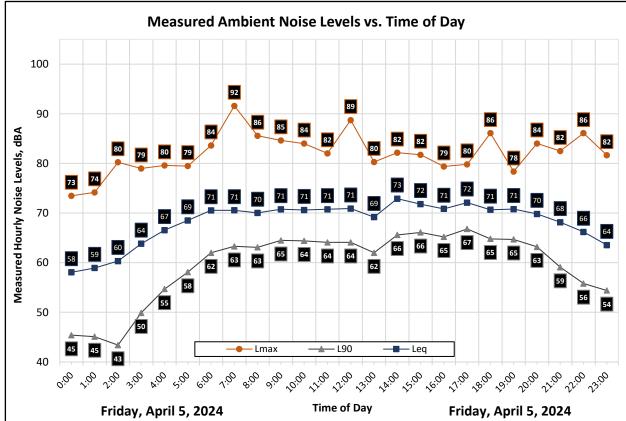
| | | M | easured | Level, d | BA |
|-----------------------|--------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Date | Time | L _{eq} | L _{max} | L ₅₀ | L ₉₀ |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 0:00 | 58 | 73 | 49 | 45 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 1:00 | 59 | 74 | 50 | 45 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 2:00 | 60 | 80 | 50 | 43 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 3:00 | 64 | 79 | 58 | 50 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 4:00 | 67 | 80 | 64 | 55 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 5:00 | 69 | 79 | 66 | 58 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 6:00 | 71 | 84 | 69 | 62 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 7:00 | 71 | 92 | 69 | 63 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 8:00 | 70 | 86 | 69 | 63 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 9:00 | 71 | 85 | 70 | 65 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 10:00 | 71 | 84 | 70 | 64 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 11:00 | 71 | 82 | 70 | 64 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 12:00 | 71 | 89 | 70 | 64 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 13:00 | 69 | 80 | 68 | 62 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 14:00 | 73 | 82 | 72 | 66 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 15:00 | 72 | 82 | 71 | 66 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 16:00 | 71 | 79 | 70 | 65 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 17:00 | 72 | 80 | 72 | 67 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 18:00 | 71 | 86 | 70 | 65 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 19:00 | 71 | 78 | 70 | 65 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 20:00 | 70 | 84 | 69 | 63 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 21:00 | 68 | 82 | 67 | 59 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 22:00 | 66 | 86 | 64 | 56 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 23:00 | 64 | 82 | 60 | 54 |
| | Statistics | Leq | Lmax | L50 | L90 |
| | Day Average | 71 | 83 | 70 | 64 |
| Ni | ight Average | 66 | 80 | 59 | 52 |
| | Day Low | 68 | 78 | 67 | 59 |
| | Day High | 73 | 92 | 72 | 67 |
| | Night Low | 58 | 73 | 49 | 43 |
| | Night High | 71 | 86 | 69 | 62 |
| | Ldn | 73 | Dav | y % | 86 |
| | CNEL | 74 | Nigh | ht % | 14 |
| | | | | | |

Site: LT-3

Project: Scotts Valley Development Project Meter: LDL 821-1

Location: South Side of Project Site Calibrator: CAL200

Coordinates: 10S 568693 4221406





Appendix B3b: Continuous Noise Monitoring Results

| Saturday, April 6, 2024 0:00 63 86 56 52 Saturday, April 6, 2024 1:00 61 74 56 53 Saturday, April 6, 2024 2:00 61 76 56 52 Saturday, April 6, 2024 3:00 62 79 56 52 Saturday, April 6, 2024 4:00 64 78 58 53 Saturday, April 6, 2024 5:00 67 80 64 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 6:00 69 85 67 59 Saturday, April 6, 2024 7:00 71 96 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 8:00 71 93 69 63 Saturday, April 6, 2024 9:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 11:00 72 88 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 12:00 77 98 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 13:00 71 85 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 12:00 77 98 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 87 98 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 87 97 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 87 97 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 87 97 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 89 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 89 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 95 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 52 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 | D. L. | T ' | Measured Level, dBA | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 1:00 61 74 56 53 Saturday, April 6, 2024 2:00 61 76 56 52 Saturday, April 6, 2024 3:00 62 79 56 52 Saturday, April 6, 2024 4:00 64 78 58 53 Saturday, April 6, 2024 5:00 67 80 64 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 6:00 69 85 67 59 Saturday, April 6, 2024 7:00 71 96 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 8:00 71 93 69 63 Saturday, April 6, 2024 9:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 10:00 72 88 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 11:00 71 89 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 13:00 71 85 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 84 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 16:00 7 | Date | Time | L eq | L _{max} | L ₅₀ | L ₉₀ | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 2:00 61 76 56 52 Saturday, April 6, 2024 3:00 62 79 56 52 Saturday, April 6, 2024 4:00 64 78 58 53 Saturday, April 6, 2024 5:00 67 80 64 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 6:00 69 85 67 59 Saturday, April 6, 2024 7:00 71 96 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 8:00 71 93 69 63 Saturday, April 6, 2024 9:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 10:00 72 88 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 11:00 71 89 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 13:00 71 85 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 14:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 84 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 16:00 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 0:00 | 63 | 86 | 56 | 52 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 3:00 62 79 56 52 Saturday, April 6, 2024 4:00 64 78 58 53 Saturday, April 6, 2024 5:00 67 80 64 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 6:00 69 85 67 59 Saturday, April 6, 2024 7:00 71 96 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 8:00 71 93 69 63 Saturday, April 6, 2024 9:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 10:00 72 88 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 11:00 71 89 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 12:00 77 98 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 13:00 71 85 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 84 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 84 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 18:00 <td< td=""><td>Saturday, April 6, 2024</td><td>1:00</td><td>61</td><td>74</td><td>56</td><td>53</td></td<> | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 1:00 | 61 | 74 | 56 | 53 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 2:00 | 61 | 76 | 56 | 52 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 5:00 67 80 64 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 6:00 69 85 67 59 Saturday, April 6, 2024 7:00 71 96 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 8:00 71 93 69 63 Saturday, April 6, 2024 9:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 10:00 72 88 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 11:00 71 89 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 12:00 77 98 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 13:00 71 85 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 14:00 71 85 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 87 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 87 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 16:00 71 82 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 17:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 17:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 18:00 72 95 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 19:00 71 95 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 67 83 65 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 23:00 63 80 58 52 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 3:00 | 62 | 79 | 56 | 52 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 6:00 69 85 67 59 Saturday, April 6, 2024 7:00 71 96 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 8:00 71 93 69 63 Saturday, April 6, 2024 9:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 10:00 72 88 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 11:00 71 89 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 12:00 77 98 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 13:00 71 85 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 14:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 84 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 84 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 16:00 71 82 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 16:00 71 82 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 17:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 18:00 72 95 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 19:00 71 95 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 19:00 71 95 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 67 83 65 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 4:00 | 64 | 78 | 58 | 53 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 7:00 71 96 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 8:00 71 93 69 63 Saturday, April 6, 2024 9:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 10:00 72 88 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 11:00 71 89 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 12:00 77 98 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 13:00 71 85 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 14:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 84 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 16:00 71 82 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 17:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 19:00 71 95 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 5:00 | 67 | 80 | 64 | 57 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 8:00 71 93 69 63 Saturday, April 6, 2024 9:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 10:00 72 88 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 11:00 71 89 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 12:00 77 98 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 13:00 71 85 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 14:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 84 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 16:00 71 82 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 18:00 72 95 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 19:00 71 95 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 67 83 65 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 6:00 | 69 | 85 | 67 | 59 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 9:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 10:00 72 88 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 11:00 71 89 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 12:00 77 98 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 13:00 71 85 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 14:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 84 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 16:00 71 82 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 17:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 18:00 72 95 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 19:00 71 95 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 67 83 65 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 23:00 63 80 58 52 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 7:00 | 71 | 96 | 96 68 | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 10:00 72 88 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 11:00 71 89 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 12:00 77 98 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 13:00 71 85 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 14:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 84 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 16:00 71 82 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 17:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 18:00 72 95 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 19:00 71 95 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 67 83 65 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 23:00 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 8:00 | 71 | 93 | 69 | 63 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 11:00 71 89 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 12:00 77 98 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 13:00 71 85 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 14:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 84 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 16:00 71 82 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 17:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 18:00 72 95 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 19:00 71 95 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 67 83 65 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 23:00 63 80 58 52 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 9:00 | 71 | 86 | 70 | 65 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 12:00 77 98 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 13:00 71 85 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 14:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 84 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 16:00 71 82 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 17:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 18:00 72 95 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 19:00 71 95 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 67 83 65 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 23:00 63 80 58 52 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 10:00 | 72 | 88 | 71 | 65 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 13:00 71 85 71 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 14:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 84 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 16:00 71 82 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 17:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 18:00 72 95 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 19:00 71 95 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 67 83 65 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 23:00 63 80 58 52 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 11:00 | 71 | 89 | 71 | 65 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 14:00 71 86 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 84 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 16:00 71 82 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 17:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 18:00 72 95 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 19:00 71 95 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 67 83 65 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 23:00 63 80 58 52 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 12:00 | 77 | 98 | 71 | 66 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 15:00 71 84 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 16:00 71 82 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 17:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 18:00 72 95 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 19:00 71 95 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 67 83 65 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 23:00 63 80 58 52 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 13:00 | 71 | 85 | 71 | 65 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 16:00 71 82 70 65 Saturday, April 6, 2024 17:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 18:00 72 95 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 19:00 71 95 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 67 83 65 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 23:00 63 80 58 52 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 14:00 | 71 | 86 | 70 | 65 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 17:00 71 89 70 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 18:00 72 95 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 19:00 71 95 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 67 83 65 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 23:00 63 80 58 52 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 15:00 | 71 | 84 | 70 | 65 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 18:00 72 95 71 66 Saturday, April 6, 2024 19:00 71 95 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 67 83 65 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 23:00 63 80 58 52 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 16:00 | 0 71 82 70 | 70 | 65 | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 19:00 71 95 70 64 Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 67 83 65 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 23:00 63 80 58 52 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 17:00 | 71 | 89 | 70 | 66 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 20:00 70 90 68 62 Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 67 83 65 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 23:00 63 80 58 52 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 18:00 | | 71 | 66 | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 21:00 67 83 65 57 Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 23:00 63 80 58 52 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 19:00 7 | | 95 | 70 | 64 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 22:00 65 79 62 54 Saturday, April 6, 2024 23:00 63 80 58 52 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 20:00 | 70 | 90 | 68 | 62 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 23:00 63 80 58 52 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 21:00 | 67 | 83 | 65 | 57 | | |
| | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 22:00 | 65 | 79 | 62 | 54 | | |
| Statistics Leg Lmax L50 L90 | Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 23:00 | 63 | 80 | 58 | 52 | | |
| Consists Led Linux 190 190 | | Statistics | Leq | Lmax | L50 | L90 | | |
| Day Average 72 89 70 64 | Da | ay Average | 72 | 89 | 70 | 64 | | |
| Night Average 64 80 59 54 | Nig | ht Average | 64 | 80 | 59 | 54 | | |
| Day Low 67 82 65 57 | | Day Low | 67 | 82 | 65 | 57 | | |
| Day High 77 98 71 66 | | Day High | 77 | 98 | 71 | 66 | | |
| Night Low 61 74 56 52 | | Night Low | 61 | 74 | 56 | 52 | | |
| Night High 69 86 67 59 | | Night High | 69 | 86 | 67 | 59 | | |
| Ldn 73 Day % 91 | | Ldn | 73 | Da | y % | 91 | | |

CNEL 73

Night %

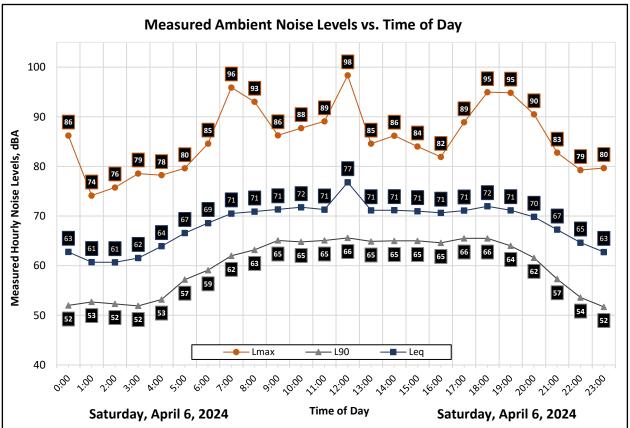
9

Site: LT-3

Project: Scotts Valley Development Project Meter: LDL 821-1

Location: South Side of Project Site Calibrator: CAL200

Coordinates: 10S 568693 4221406





Appendix B3c: Continuous Noise Monitoring Results

| | | Measured Level, dBA | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------|---------------------|--------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Date | Time | L _{eq} | L max | L ₅₀ | L ₉₀ | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 0:00 | 61 | 78 | 56 | 51 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 1:00 | 60 | 74 | 54 | 49 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 2:00 | 58 | 74 | 52 | 48 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 3:00 | 59 | 78 | 51 | 47 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 4:00 | 61 | 74 | 55 | 50 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 5:00 | 64 | 78 | 60 | 53 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 6:00 | 66 | 86 | 63 | 55 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 7:00 | 69 | 97 | 65 | 57 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 8:00 | 70 | 90 | 67 | 60 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 9:00 | 70 | 86 | 68 | 62 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 10:00 | 71 | 93 | 69 | 63 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 11:00 | 70 | 82 | 69 | 63 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 12:00 | 70 | 84 | 70 | 64 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 13:00 | 70 | 88 | 69 | 62 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 14:00 | 71 | 88 | 70 | 64 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 15:00 | 71 | 85 | 70 | 64 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 16:00 | 72 | 97 | 70 | 64 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 17:00 | 71 | 82 | 70 | 66 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 18:00 | 70 | 87 | 69 | 63 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 19:00 | 73 | 102 | 67 | 60 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 20:00 | 68 | 82 | 66 | 59 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 21:00 | 67 | 85 | 64 | 57 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 22:00 | 64 | 91 | 60 | 53 | | | |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 23:00 | 60 | 76 | 54 | 50 | | | |
| | Statistics | Leq | Lmax | L50 | L90 | | | |
| D | ay Average | 70 | 88 | 68 | 62 | | | |
| Nig | ht Average | 62 | 79 | 56 | 51 | | | |
| | Day Low | 67 | 82 | 64 | 57 | | | |
| | Day High | 73 | 102 | 70 | 66 | | | |
| | Night Low | 58 | 74 | 51 | 47 | | | |
| | Night High | 66 | 91 | 63 | 55 | | | |

Ldn

CNEL 72

71

Day %

Night %

92

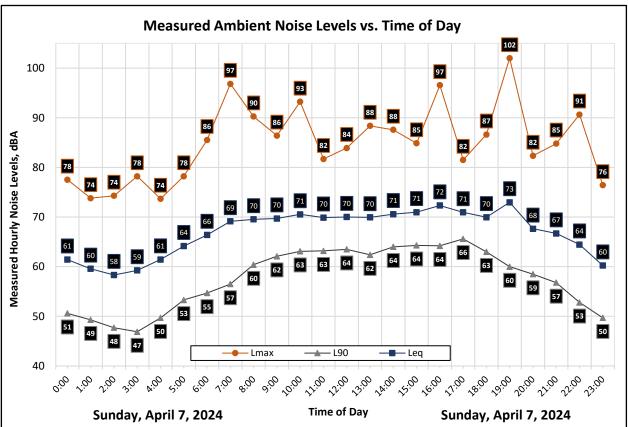
8

Site: LT-3

Project: Scotts Valley Development Project Meter: LDL 821-1

Location: South Side of Project Site Calibrator: CAL200

Coordinates: 10S 568693 4221406





Appendix B3a: Continuous Noise Monitoring Results

| | - | Me | easured | Level, d | ВА |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Date | Time | L eq | L _{max} | L ₅₀ | L ₉₀ |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 0:00 | 59 | 69 | 58 | 52 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 1:00 | 58 | 68 | 56 | 48 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 2:00 | 57 | 69 | 55 | 49 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 3:00 | 59 | 67 | 57 | 51 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 4:00 | 62 | 68 | 61 | 56 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 5:00 | 63 | 70 | 63 | 60 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 6:00 | 64 | 70 | 63 | 60 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 7:00 | 63 | 71 | 63 | 60 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 8:00 | 62 | 77 | 61 | 59 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 9:00 | 62 | 69 | 62 | 59 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 10:00 | 60 | 68 | 59 | 56 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 11:00 | 59 | 73 | 59 | 56 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 12:00 | 57 | 67 | 57 | 53 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 13:00 | 57 | 70 | 56 | 53 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 14:00 62 72 63 | 62 | 54 | | |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 15:00 | 66 | 83 | 65 | 61 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 16:00 | 65 | 71 | 65 | 62 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 17:00 | 65 71 67 76 | | 67 | 64 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 18:00 | 63 | 71 | 62 | 59 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 19:00 | 65 | 71 | 65 | 61 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 20:00 | 61 | 73 | 61 | 58 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 21:00 | 60 | 67 | 60 | 57 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 22:00 | 59 | 66 | 58 | 55 |
| Friday, April 5, 2024 | 23:00 | 58 | 72 | 58 | 53 |
| | Statistics | Leq | Lmax | L50 | L90 |
| D | ay Average | 63 | 72 | 61 | 58 |
| Nig | ght Average | 61 | 69 | 59 | 54 |
| | Day Low | w 57 67 56 | | 56 | 53 |
| | Day High | 67 | 83 | 67 | 64 |
| | Night Low | 57 | 66 | 55 | 48 |
| | Night High | 64 | 72 | 63 | 60 |
| | Ldn | 67 | Da | y % | 76 |

CNEL 68

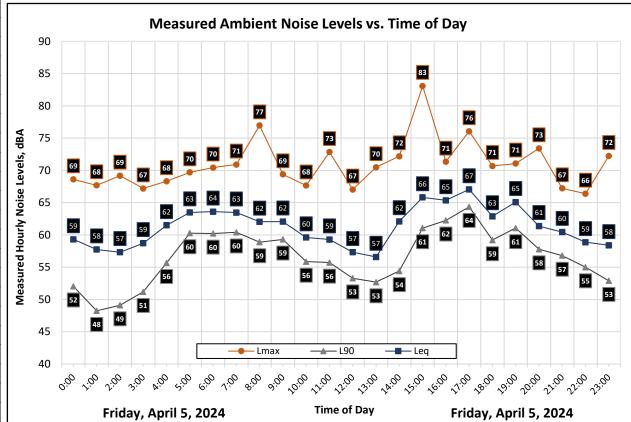
Night %

24

Site: LT-4

Project: Scotts Valley Development Project Meter: LDL 820-8
Location: South of Project Site Calibrator: CAL200

Coordinates: 10S 568410 4221990





Appendix B3b: Continuous Noise Monitoring Results

| 2. | | M | easured | Lmax Lso 64 55 68 53 65 53 66 54 67 56 72 59 75 61 68 60 69 60 77 58 69 57 67 56 74 56 73 55 71 54 73 55 66 55 69 56 70 56 72 56 | | | |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--|--|
| Date | Time | L eq | L _{max} | L ₅₀ | L ₉₀ | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 0:00 | 56 | 64 | 55 | 49 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 1:00 | 55 | 68 | 53 | 46 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 2:00 | 55 | 65 | 53 | 45 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 3:00 | 56 | 66 | 54 | 46 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 4:00 | 57 | 67 | 56 | 50 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 5:00 | 60 | 72 | 59 | 55 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 6:00 | 61 | 75 | 61 | 57 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 7:00 | | | 57 | | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 8:00 | 60 | 69 | 60 | 57 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 9:00 | 59 | 77 | 58 | 55 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 10:00 | 58 | 69 | 57 | 54 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 11:00 | 57 | 67 | 56 | 53 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 12:00 | 57 | 74 | 56 | 53 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 13:00 | 57 | 73 | 56 | 53 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 14:00 | 56 | 73 | 55 | 52 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 15:00 | 55 | 71 | 54 | 51 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 16:00 | 56 | 73 | 55 | 52 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 17:00 | 56 | 66 | 55 | 53 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 18:00 | 56 | 69 | 56 | 54 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 19:00 | 56 | 70 | 56 | 54 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 20:00 | 57 | | | 54 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 21:00 | 57 | 73 | 56 | 53 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 22:00 | 57 | 79 | 55 | 52 | | |
| Saturday, April 6, 2024 | 23:00 | 55 | 63 | 50 | | | |
| | Statistics | Leq | Lmax | L50 | L90 | | |

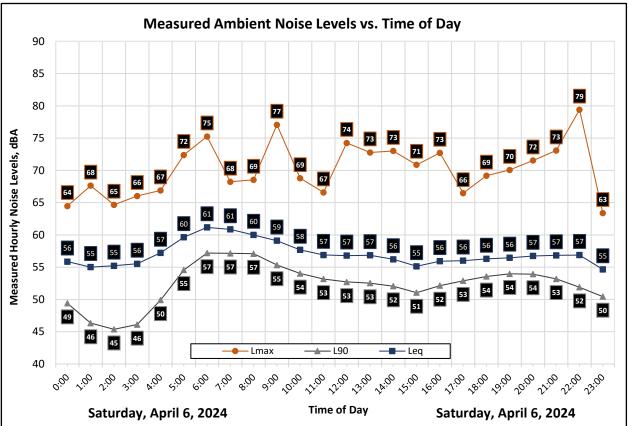
Day Average Night Average Day Low 55 Day High Night Low Night High Ldn Day % Night % CNEL 64 Site: LT-4

Project: Scotts Valley Development Project

Location: South of Project Site

Coordinates: 10S 568410 4221990

Meter: LDL 820-8
Calibrator: CAL200





Appendix B3c: Continuous Noise Monitoring Results

Measured Level, dBA

| Data | T: | IVI | easured | IBA | |
|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Date | Time | L eq | L _{max} | L ₅₀ | L ₉₀ |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 0:00 | 54 | 69 | 53 | 48 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 1:00 | 54 | 68 | 52 | 46 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 2:00 | 54 | 67 | 51 | 44 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 3:00 | 53 | 63 | 51 | 44 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 4:00 | 55 | 67 | 53 | 46 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 5:00 | 56 | 65 | 55 | 50 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 6:00 | 57 | 66 | 56 | 51 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 7:00 | 58 | 64 | 57 | 54 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 8:00 | 57 | 65 | 57 | 54 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 9:00 | 58 | 69 | 57 | 54 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 10:00 | 58 | 70 | 57 | 55 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 11:00 | 57 | 67 | 56 | 53 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 12:00 | 58 | 79 | 56 | 53 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 13:00 | 56 | 68 | 55 | 52 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 14:00 | 56 | 70 | 55 | 52 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 15:00 | 57 | | | 53 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 16:00 | 55 | 67 | 54 | 51 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 17:00 | 55 | 66 | 55 | 52 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 18:00 | 56 | 77 | 55 | 53 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 19:00 | 57 | 65 | 56 | 54 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 20:00 | 57 | 67 | 56 | 54 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 21:00 | 58 | 66 | 57 | 54 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 22:00 | 57 | 72 | 56 | 52 |
| Sunday, April 7, 2024 | 23:00 | 56 | 64 | 55 | 49 |
| | Statistics | Leq | Lmax | L50 | L90 |
| | Day Average | 57 | 69 | 56 | 53 |
| 1 | Night Average | 55 | 67 | 54 | 48 |
| | Day Low | 55 | 64 | 54 | 51 |
| | Day High | 58 | 79 | 57 | 55 |
| | Night Low | 53 | 63 | 51 | 44 |
| | Night High | 57 | 72 | 56 | 52 |
| | Ldn | 61 | Da | y % | 75 |
| | | | | | |

CNEL 62

Night %

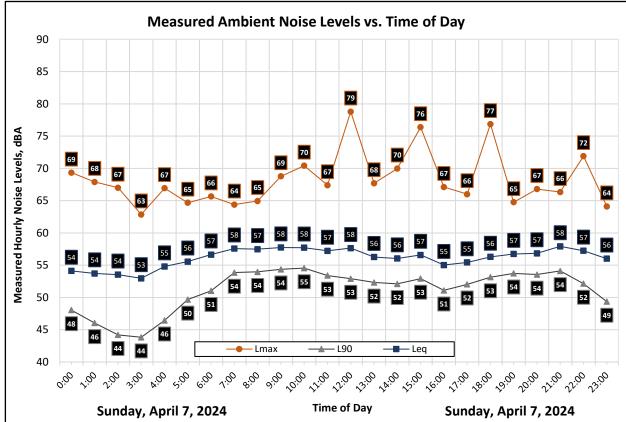
25

Site: LT-4

Project: Scotts Valley Development Project Meter: LDL 820-8 Calibrator: CAL200

Location: South of Project Site

Coordinates: 10S 568410 4221990







Appendix C: Traffic Noise Calculation Inputs and Results



FHWA-RD-77-108 Highway Traffic Noise Prediction Model

Project #: 240210 Scotts Valley Development Project

Description: Existing Traffic

| | | | | | | | | | | | | Conto | ours (ft.) | - NO | |
|---------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-------|--------|--------|-------|----------|--------|-------|------------|------|--------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Offset | | |
| | | | | Day | Eve | Night | % Med. | % Hvy. | | | Offset | 60 | 65 | 70 | Level, |
| Segment | Roadway | Segment | ADT | % | % | % | Trucks | Trucks | Speed | Distance | (dB) | dBA | dBA | dBA | dBA |
| 1 | Auto Mall Parkway | East of Project Access | 15,520 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 670 | -5 | 208 | 96 | 45 | 47.4 |
| 2 | Auto Mall Parkway | West of Project Access | 31,290 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 900 | 0 | 331 | 154 | 71 | 53.5 |
| 3 | N Ascot Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 4,130 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 70 | -5 | 57 | 27 | 12 | 53.7 |
| 4 | Auto Mall Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 12,390 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 870 | -5 | 179 | 83 | 38 | 44.7 |
| 5 | Columbus Parkway | East of Ascot Court | 11,720 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 150 | -5 | 172 | 80 | 37 | 55.9 |
| 6 | Columbus Parkway | West of Redwood Parkway | 9,120 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 115 | -5 | 146 | 68 | 31 | 56.5 |
| 7 | Redwood Parkway | East of Redwood Parkway | 3,740 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 90 | -5 | 53 | 25 | 12 | 51.6 |
| 8 | Admiral Callaghan La | n South of Columbus Parkway | 20,340 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 450 | -5 | 165 | 77 | 36 | 48.5 |
| 9 | Plaza Drive | West of Plaza Drive | 10,400 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 205 | -5 | 106 | 49 | 23 | 50.7 |
| 10 | Turner Parkway | South of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 8,390 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 55 | 0 | 92 | 43 | 20 | 63.3 |
| 11 | Admiral Callaghan La | n East of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 16,970 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 205 | 0 | 147 | 68 | 32 | 57.8 |
| 12 | Turner Parkway | South of Turner Parkway | 8,030 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 75 | -5 | 89 | 41 | 19 | 56.1 |
| 13 | Redwood Parkway | East of Plaza Drive | 7,640 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 90 | 0 | 86 | 40 | 19 | 59.7 |
| 14 | Oakwood Avenue | West of Ascot Parkway | 6,180 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 30 | 90 | 0 | 63 | 29 | 14 | 57.7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



FHWA-RD-77-108 Highway Traffic Noise Prediction Model

Project #: 240210 Scotts Valley Development Project

Description: Existing Plus Project Traffic

| | | | | | | | | | | | | Conto | ours (ft.) |) - No | |
|---------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-------|--------|--------|-------|----------|--------|-------|------------|--------|--------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Offset | | |
| | | | | Day | Eve | Night | % Med. | % Hvy. | | | Offset | 60 | 65 | 70 | Level, |
| Segment | Roadway | Segment | ADT | % | % | % | Trucks | Trucks | Speed | Distance | (dB) | dBA | dBA | dBA | dBA |
| 1 | Auto Mall Parkway | East of Project Access | 16,740 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 670 | -5 | 218 | 101 | 47 | 47.7 |
| 2 | Auto Mall Parkway | West of Project Access | 36,310 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 900 | 0 | 366 | 170 | 79 | 54.1 |
| 3 | N Ascot Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 4,370 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 70 | -5 | 59 | 28 | 13 | 53.9 |
| 4 | Auto Mall Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 13,370 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 870 | -5 | 188 | 87 | 40 | 45.0 |
| 5 | Columbus Parkway | East of Ascot Court | 7,810 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 150 | -5 | 131 | 61 | 28 | 54.1 |
| 6 | Columbus Parkway | West of Redwood Parkway | 10,100 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 115 | -5 | 156 | 72 | 34 | 57.0 |
| 7 | Redwood Parkway | East of Redwood Parkway | 3,370 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 90 | -5 | 50 | 23 | 11 | 51.2 |
| 8 | Admiral Callaghan La | n South of Columbus Parkway | 21,830 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 450 | -5 | 173 | 80 | 37 | 48.8 |
| 9 | Plaza Drive | West of Plaza Drive | 10,700 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 205 | -5 | 108 | 50 | 23 | 50.8 |
| 10 | Turner Parkway | South of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 8,600 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 55 | 0 | 93 | 43 | 20 | 63.4 |
| 11 | Admiral Callaghan La | n East of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 18,360 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 205 | 0 | 154 | 72 | 33 | 58.2 |
| 12 | Turner Parkway | South of Turner Parkway | 8,120 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 75 | -5 | 90 | 42 | 19 | 56.2 |
| 13 | Redwood Parkway | East of Plaza Drive | 7,860 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 90 | 0 | 88 | 41 | 19 | 59.8 |
| 14 | Oakwood Avenue | West of Ascot Parkway | 6,030 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 30 | 90 | 0 | 62 | 29 | 13 | 57.6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



FHWA-RD-77-108 Highway Traffic Noise Prediction Model

Project #: 240210 Scotts Valley Development Project

Description: Baseline Traffic

| | | | | | | | | | | | | Conto | ours (ft.) | - No | |
|---------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-------|--------|--------|-------|----------|--------|-------|------------|------|--------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Offset | | |
| | | | | Day | Eve | Night | % Med. | % Hvy. | | | Offset | 60 | 65 | 70 | Level, |
| Segment | Roadway | Segment | ADT | % | % | % | Trucks | Trucks | Speed | Distance | (dB) | dBA | dBA | dBA | dBA |
| 1 | Auto Mall Parkway | East of Project Access | 18,520 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 670 | -5 | 234 | 108 | 50 | 48.1 |
| 2 | Auto Mall Parkway | West of Project Access | 36,090 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 900 | 0 | 364 | 169 | 79 | 54.1 |
| 3 | N Ascot Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 4,510 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 70 | -5 | 61 | 28 | 13 | 54.1 |
| 4 | Auto Mall Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 13,900 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 870 | -5 | 193 | 90 | 42 | 45.2 |
| 5 | Columbus Parkway | East of Ascot Court | 13,200 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 150 | -5 | 186 | 87 | 40 | 56.4 |
| 6 | Columbus Parkway | West of Redwood Parkway | 10,530 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 115 | -5 | 160 | 74 | 35 | 57.2 |
| 7 | Redwood Parkway | East of Redwood Parkway | 3,850 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 90 | -5 | 55 | 25 | 12 | 51.7 |
| 8 | Admiral Callaghan La | n South of Columbus Parkway | 22,590 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 450 | -5 | 177 | 82 | 38 | 48.9 |
| 9 | Plaza Drive | West of Plaza Drive | 10,800 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 205 | -5 | 108 | 50 | 23 | 50.8 |
| 10 | Turner Parkway | South of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 8,900 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 55 | 0 | 95 | 44 | 21 | 63.6 |
| 11 | Admiral Callaghan La | n East of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 19,120 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 205 | 0 | 159 | 74 | 34 | 58.3 |
| 12 | Turner Parkway | South of Turner Parkway | 8,430 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 75 | -5 | 92 | 43 | 20 | 56.3 |
| 13 | Redwood Parkway | East of Plaza Drive | 8,120 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 90 | 0 | 90 | 42 | 19 | 60.0 |
| 14 | Oakwood Avenue | West of Ascot Parkway | 6,240 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 30 | 90 | 0 | 64 | 30 | 14 | 57.8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



FHWA-RD-77-108 Highway Traffic Noise Prediction Model

Project #: 240210 Scotts Valley Development Project

Description: Baseline Plus Project Traffic

| | | | | | | | | | | | Contours (ft.) - No | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-------|--------|--------|-------|----------|---------------------|-----|--------|-----|--------|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Offset | | | |
| | | | | Day | Eve | Night | % Med. | % Hvy. | | | Offset | 60 | 65 | 70 | Level, | |
| Segment | Roadway | Segment | ADT | % | % | % | Trucks | Trucks | Speed | Distance | (dB) | dBA | dBA | dBA | dBA | |
| 1 | Auto Mall Parkway | East of Project Access | 19,740 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 670 | -5 | 244 | 113 | 53 | 48.4 | |
| 2 | Auto Mall Parkway | West of Project Access | 41,110 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 900 | 0 | 397 | 184 | 86 | 54.7 | |
| 3 | N Ascot Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 4,750 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 70 | -5 | 63 | 29 | 14 | 54.3 | |
| 4 | Auto Mall Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 14,880 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 870 | -5 | 202 | 94 | 43 | 45.5 | |
| 5 | Columbus Parkway | East of Ascot Court | 14,180 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 150 | -5 | 195 | 91 | 42 | 56.7 | |
| 6 | Columbus Parkway | West of Redwood Parkway | 11,510 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 115 | -5 | 170 | 79 | 37 | 57.6 | |
| 7 | Redwood Parkway | East of Redwood Parkway | 3,850 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 90 | -5 | 55 | 25 | 12 | 51.7 | |
| 8 | Admiral Callaghan La | n South of Columbus Parkway | 24,080 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 450 | -5 | 185 | 86 | 40 | 49.2 | |
| 9 | Plaza Drive | West of Plaza Drive | 11,100 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 205 | -5 | 110 | 51 | 24 | 51.0 | |
| 10 | Turner Parkway | South of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 9,110 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 55 | 0 | 97 | 45 | 21 | 63.7 | |
| 11 | Admiral Callaghan La | n East of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 20,510 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 205 | 0 | 166 | 77 | 36 | 58.6 | |
| 12 | Turner Parkway | South of Turner Parkway | 8,520 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 75 | -5 | 93 | 43 | 20 | 56.4 | |
| 13 | Redwood Parkway | East of Plaza Drive | 8,340 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 90 | 0 | 91 | 42 | 20 | 60.1 | |
| 14 | Oakwood Avenue | West of Ascot Parkway | 6,460 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 30 | 90 | 0 | 65 | 30 | 14 | 57.9 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



FHWA-RD-77-108 Highway Traffic Noise Prediction Model

Project #: 240210 Scotts Valley Development Project

Description: Cumulative Traffic

| | | | | | | | | | | | | Conto | | | |
|---------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-------|--------|--------|-------|----------|--------|-------|--------------|-----|--------|
| | | | | Day | Eve | Night | % Med. | % Hvy. | | | Offset | 60 | Offset 65 | 70 | Level, |
| Segment | Roadway | Segment | ADT | % | % | % | Trucks | Trucks | Speed | Distance | (dB) | dBA | dBA | dBA | dBA |
| 1 | Auto Mall Parkway | East of Project Access | 21,550 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 670 | -5 | 258 | 120 | 56 | 48.8 |
| 2 | Auto Mall Parkway | West of Project Access | 42,410 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 900 | 0 | 406 | 188 | 87 | 54.8 |
| 3 | N Ascot Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 5,340 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 70 | -5 | 68 | 31 | 15 | 54.8 |
| 4 | Auto Mall Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 16,400 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 870 | -5 | 215 | 100 | 46 | 45.9 |
| 5 | Columbus Parkway | East of Ascot Court | 15,560 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 150 | -5 | 208 | 97 | 45 | 57.1 |
| 6 | Columbus Parkway | West of Redwood Parkway | 12,360 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 115 | -5 | 178 | 83 | 38 | 57.9 |
| 7 | Redwood Parkway | East of Redwood Parkway | 4,600 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 90 | -5 | 61 | 28 | 13 | 52.5 |
| 8 | Admiral Callaghan Lar | South of Columbus Parkway | 25,680 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 450 | -5 | 193 | 90 | 42 | 49.5 |
| 9 | Plaza Drive | West of Plaza Drive | 10,800 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 205 | -5 | 108 | 50 | 23 | 50.8 |
| 10 | Turner Parkway | South of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 10,590 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 55 | 0 | 107 | 50 | 23 | 64.3 |
| 11 | Admiral Callaghan Lar | East of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 22,550 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 205 | 0 | 177 | 82 | 38 | 59.0 |
| 12 | Turner Parkway | South of Turner Parkway | 10,060 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 75 | -5 | 103 | 48 | 22 | 57.1 |
| 13 | Redwood Parkway | East of Plaza Drive | 9,670 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 90 | 0 | 101 | 47 | 22 | 60.7 |
| 14 | Oakwood Avenue | West of Ascot Parkway | 7,430 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 30 | 90 | 0 | 72 | 33 | 15 | 58.5 |



FHWA-RD-77-108 Highway Traffic Noise Prediction Model

Project #: 240210 Scotts Valley Development Project

Description: Cumulative Plus Project Traffic

| | | | | | | | | | | | | Conto | | | |
|---------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-------|--------|--------|-------|----------|--------|-------|--------------|-----|--------|
| | | | | Day | Eve | Night | % Med. | % Hvy. | | | Offset | 60 | Offset 65 | 70 | Level, |
| Segment | Roadway | Segment | ADT | % | % | % | Trucks | Trucks | Speed | Distance | (dB) | dBA | dBA | dBA | dBA |
| 1 | Auto Mall Parkway | East of Project Access | 20,540 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 670 | -5 | 250 | 116 | 54 | 48.6 |
| 2 | Auto Mall Parkway | West of Project Access | 44,340 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 900 | 0 | 418 | 194 | 90 | 55.0 |
| 3 | N Ascot Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 5,580 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 70 | -5 | 70 | 32 | 15 | 55.0 |
| 4 | Auto Mall Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 17,380 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 870 | -5 | 224 | 104 | 48 | 46.2 |
| 5 | Columbus Parkway | East of Ascot Court | 16,540 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 150 | -5 | 217 | 101 | 47 | 57.4 |
| 6 | Columbus Parkway | West of Redwood Parkway | 13,340 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 115 | -5 | 188 | 87 | 40 | 58.2 |
| 7 | Redwood Parkway | East of Redwood Parkway | 4,600 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 90 | -5 | 61 | 28 | 13 | 52.5 |
| 8 | Admiral Callaghan Lar | South of Columbus Parkway | 27,170 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 450 | -5 | 201 | 93 | 43 | 49.7 |
| 9 | Plaza Drive | West of Plaza Drive | 11,100 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 205 | -5 | 110 | 51 | 24 | 51.0 |
| 10 | Turner Parkway | South of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 10,800 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 55 | 0 | 108 | 50 | 23 | 64.4 |
| 11 | Admiral Callaghan Lar | east of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 23,940 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 205 | 0 | 184 | 86 | 40 | 59.3 |
| 12 | Turner Parkway | South of Turner Parkway | 10,150 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 75 | -5 | 104 | 48 | 22 | 57.1 |
| 13 | Redwood Parkway | East of Plaza Drive | 9,890 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 90 | 0 | 102 | 47 | 22 | 60.8 |
| 14 | Oakwood Avenue | West of Ascot Parkway | 9,090 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 30 | 90 | 0 | 82 | 38 | 18 | 59.4 |



FHWA-RD-77-108 Highway Traffic Noise Prediction Model

Project #: 240210 Scotts Valley Development Project

Description: Cumulative (Scenario B) Plus Project Traffic

| | | | | | | | | | | | Contours (ft.) - No | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-------|--------|--------|-------|----------|---------------------|-----|--------|-----|--------|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Offset | | | |
| | | | | Day | Eve | Night | % Med. | % Hvy. | | | Offset | 60 | 65 | 70 | Level, | |
| Segment | Roadway | Segment | ADT | % | % | % | Trucks | Trucks | Speed | Distance | (dB) | dBA | dBA | dBA | dBA | |
| 1 | Auto Mall Parkway | East of Project Access | 22,810 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 670 | -5 | 268 | 125 | 58 | 49.0 | |
| 2 | Auto Mall Parkway | West of Project Access | 47,240 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 900 | 0 | 436 | 202 | 94 | 55.3 | |
| 3 | N Ascot Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 5,570 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 70 | -5 | 70 | 32 | 15 | 55.0 | |
| 4 | Auto Mall Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 17,330 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 870 | -5 | 223 | 104 | 48 | 46.1 | |
| 5 | Columbus Parkway | East of Ascot Court | 16,490 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 150 | -5 | 216 | 100 | 47 | 57.4 | |
| 6 | Columbus Parkway | West of Redwood Parkway | 13,290 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 115 | -5 | 187 | 87 | 40 | 58.2 | |
| 7 | Redwood Parkway | East of Redwood Parkway | 4,600 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 90 | -5 | 61 | 28 | 13 | 52.5 | |
| 8 | Admiral Callaghan La | n South of Columbus Parkway | 27,090 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 450 | -5 | 200 | 93 | 43 | 49.7 | |
| 9 | Plaza Drive | West of Plaza Drive | 11,090 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 205 | -5 | 110 | 51 | 24 | 51.0 | |
| 10 | Turner Parkway | South of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 10,800 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 55 | 0 | 108 | 50 | 23 | 64.4 | |
| 11 | Admiral Callaghan La | n East of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 23,890 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 205 | 0 | 184 | 85 | 40 | 59.3 | |
| 12 | Turner Parkway | South of Turner Parkway | 10,140 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 75 | -5 | 104 | 48 | 22 | 57.1 | |
| 13 | Redwood Parkway | East of Plaza Drive | 9,870 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 90 | 0 | 102 | 47 | 22 | 60.8 | |
| 14 | Oakwood Avenue | West of Ascot Parkway | 7,630 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 30 | 90 | 0 | 73 | 34 | 16 | 58.6 | |



FHWA-RD-77-108 Highway Traffic Noise Prediction Model

Project #: 240210 Scotts Valley Development Project

Description: Cumulative (Scenario C) Plus Project Traffic

| | | | | | | | | | | | Contours (ft.) - No | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-------|--------|--------|-------|----------|---------------------|-----|--------|-----|--------|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Offset | | | |
| | | | | Day | Eve | Night | % Med. | % Hvy. | | | Offset | 60 | 65 | 70 | Level, | |
| Segment | Roadway | Segment | ADT | % | % | % | Trucks | Trucks | Speed | Distance | (dB) | dBA | dBA | dBA | dBA | |
| 1 | Auto Mall Parkway | East of Project Access | 22,370 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 670 | -5 | 265 | 123 | 57 | 49.0 | |
| 2 | Auto Mall Parkway | West of Project Access | 45,370 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 900 | 0 | 424 | 197 | 91 | 55.1 | |
| 3 | N Ascot Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 5,480 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 70 | -5 | 69 | 32 | 15 | 54.9 | |
| 4 | Auto Mall Parkway | South of Auto Mall Parkway | 16,980 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 870 | -5 | 220 | 102 | 47 | 46.1 | |
| 5 | Columbus Parkway | East of Ascot Court | 16,140 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 150 | -5 | 213 | 99 | 46 | 57.3 | |
| 6 | Columbus Parkway | West of Redwood Parkway | 12,940 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 45 | 115 | -5 | 184 | 85 | 40 | 58.1 | |
| 7 | Redwood Parkway | East of Redwood Parkway | 4,600 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 90 | -5 | 61 | 28 | 13 | 52.5 | |
| 8 | Admiral Callaghan La | n South of Columbus Parkway | 26,550 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 450 | -5 | 197 | 92 | 43 | 49.6 | |
| 9 | Plaza Drive | West of Plaza Drive | 10,960 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 205 | -5 | 109 | 51 | 24 | 50.9 | |
| 10 | Turner Parkway | South of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 10,710 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 55 | 0 | 108 | 50 | 23 | 64.4 | |
| 11 | Admiral Callaghan La | n East of Admiral Callaghan Lane | 23,680 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 205 | 0 | 183 | 85 | 39 | 59.3 | |
| 12 | Turner Parkway | South of Turner Parkway | 10,100 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 75 | -5 | 104 | 48 | 22 | 57.1 | |
| 13 | Redwood Parkway | East of Plaza Drive | 9,790 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 35 | 90 | 0 | 102 | 47 | 22 | 60.8 | |
| 14 | Oakwood Avenue | West of Ascot Parkway | 7,550 | 83 | 0 | 17 | 1.0% | 1.0% | 30 | 90 | 0 | 72 | 34 | 16 | 58.6 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

